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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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FOR THE YEAR 1895.

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Brown & Otto	13	10 25
Clark, F. W	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Third Ward.*		
Blauch, D. D	13	10 25

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	Class.	License
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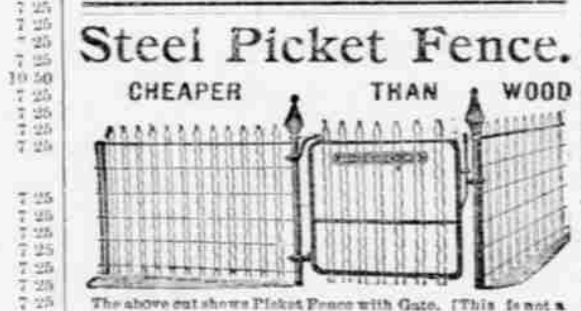
Wright, William D	8	5 25
HASTINGS BOROUGH.		
Foust, G. B. M	8	5 22
JOHNSTOWN. *Second Ward.*		
Conrad, Michael	8	5 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Third Ward.*		
Carpenter, George B	7	10 25
McCaffrey, F. H	8	5 75
Mussante, Charles	8	5 25
SOUTH FORK BOROUGH.		
Stineman, W. H	8	5 25

An APPEAL will be held **Tuesday and Wednesday, June 4 and 5, 1895,** at the COURT HOUSE, EBENSBURG, where all interested can attend.

J. S. ASHBRIDGE,
Mercantile Appraiser.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COULD HAVE A WAVE.

Lake Michigan Could Rise Up and Surprise Chicago.

All It Needs Is an Earthquake to Set It a Going—What an Ancient Mariner Says About Such Matters.

"Apropos of the recent Atlantic tidal wave," said an ancient mariner to a Chicago Tribune man the other day, "an account of one nearer home might be of interest at this time. It isn't necessary to have an ocean of water to produce one of these waves by long odds. Old Lake Michigan could get up a prime article in that line and show Chicago a few things heretofore unthought of. All that would be necessary would be an earthquake in the lake and then there would be from six to ten feet of water here in no time. The story that I started to tell you has an earthquake as the prime cause, a tidal wave as the immediate effect, and a ruined town as the result.

"New Madrid, Mo., was destroyed by the 'great shake,' as it was called, in the year 1811. The whole Mississippi valley was affected. The center of violence was at Little Prairie, near New Madrid. The vibrations were felt over the Ohio valley as high as Pittsburgh. New Madrid suffered more than any other town on the Mississippi. At that time Indians were dangerous and the persons engaged in carrying produce in boats to New Orleans kept in company for mutual defense. In the middle of December 16 there was a terrible shock and jarring of the boats so that the crews were all awakened and hurried on deck, thinking of an Indian attack. The noise and commotion were dreadful, but soon stopped. In the morning loud roaring and hissing were heard and there was a tremendous boiling up of the waters of the Mississippi in huge swells, tossing the boats about so violently that the men were thrown about on the decks. The water in the river changed to a reddish hue, then became black with mud thrown up from the the bottom, while the surface, lashed by the agitation of the earth beneath, was covered with foam, which, gathering into masses the size of a barrel, floated along the trembling surface.

"The earth opened in wide fissures, and closing again threw the water, sand and mud in huge jets higher than the tops of the trees. The atmosphere was filled with a thick vapor of gas. At New Madrid several boats were carried by the great waves up onto the bank of the river just above the town, and were left high and dry a considerable distance from the water. Many boats were wrecked on the snags, while others were sunk or stranded on the sand bars and islands. The scenes for several days during the repeated shocks were horrible. The sulphurated gases discharged tainted the air with noxious effluvia, and so strongly impregnated the water of the river for one hundred and fifty miles below that it could hardly be used for any purpose for many days.

"New Madrid, which stood on a bluff twenty feet above the summer floods, sank so low that the next rise covered it to a depth of five feet. The bottoms of several lakes in the vicinity were elevated and have since been planted with corn. People lived along the river in those days more than in the country, so the big water disturbance did probably more damage than the 'shakes' where there was no water. So you can easily see how there can be a tidal wave without an ocean and that we may have one of our own some day. When it comes it should be a good one, so those eastern people will be satisfied we did not manufacture it to get even."

STANDARD YARD AND POUND.

Sealed in the Walls of Parliament and Opened Every Twenty Years.

The originals of our yard measure and pound weight—otherwise, the British standard weights and measures—are sealed or walled up in the sides of the house of parliament at London. The cavity in the wall in which these precious standards are preserved somewhat resembles a tomb and can be opened only by tearing away the wall. The two articles which are therein so safely cased are both of metal. The yard measure is of bronze, in the shape of a bar, thirty-eight inches in length, thirty-six sections, or one yard, having been marked off upon it with some finely scaled instrument. The weight standard is a cube of platinum, weighing exactly sixteen ounces. Weighty as it is it is scarcely more than an inch in extent on either side, and, if sold for the metal there is in it, would bring nearly two hundred dollars.

Once every twenty years the walls inclosing these standards are torn away for the purpose of removing the two pieces of metal and comaring their length and weight with the official standards in use by the bureaus of weights and measures. These comparisons are made under the supervision of the president of the London board of trade and several other officials appointed by the different branches of the queen's government.

Extremely delicate and elaborate apparatus for making these comparisons are used, and if the units in use by the bureau referred to have been changed, or deviate the least from the standards with which they were compared twenty years before, they are immediately changed so as to conform with the original bronze and platinum types. The ceremony of "comparing the standards" was last made in April, 1892. After the comparisons had been made and no variations detected, they were again walled up with the understanding that they would not be again disturbed until April, 1912.

Effect of Fashion.

How quickly a fashion makes the wheels of trade go round! In a Philadelphia trolley car discussion the other day a man said: "Yes, my brother's mill is busy. He has orders for one thousand five hundred pieces ahead, and he makes three thousand three hundred and fifty yards a day! He makes crinoline—hair cloth." Now, a year ago this would scarcely have been an item, but the enormous amount of cloth used now in stiffening out the hems of women's dresses and for lining the entire back of the skirt of gowns causes this demand. It is a compromise, of course, between classic folds and hoops that the crinoline comes in to fill.

TEABERRY JACK.

A New Jersey Drink That Enlivens the Hog-Killing Time.

Just at this season of the year the inhabitants of Burlington county, N. J., are winding up their big hog and teaberry season, and it is the most joyous of the year. Next to the prize hog, "teaberry jack" fills a long-felt want, says an eastern exchange. It is a beverage indigenous to this part of the state, and rarely, if ever, found elsewhere. It is a combination of native ingredients, all of which are raised on the soil where the jack is made. The formula is not furnished with each bottle, but, judged from its effects, it must have a proof as high as brandy and be a near relative to the alcohol of commerce. "Teaberry jack" is made out of apple jack, which is kept in a secluded spot until it becomes a brownish amber and has the odor of age.

In the distillation and afterward the apple jack is mixed with crushed teaberries, sometimes called wintergreen plums, or checkerberries. They have the same flavor as wintergreen chewing gum. The odor is a combination of apple blossoms and mountain teaberries, which is so fascinating that the amount of alcohol in the drink is forgotten. There is no burning or harsh taste while the teaberry jack is trickling down the throat; there is none of the rasping which whisky often causes when it is unmixed with water. Water is not needed with teaberry jack to make it palatable; it needs no dilution. The natives drink it without water, and its strength is indicated to the eye or the taste only in the size of the glass, which is the ordinary glass of a country barroom—smaller in size. The teaberry drinker is expected to fill his glass, close both eyes and gulp it down.

The season for teaberry jack is the hog-killing time in the winter, when all the out-door work is done on the farm and the hogs are fat. Old teaberry is valued most, but it is hard to keep it year after year—its taste is so good, and the inhabitants require so much of it during the winter.

Teaberry jack affects a man cumulatively. It begins with his toes, which, if he has had eight or ten drinks, begin to be lively and somewhat intoxicated. He feels as if the toes belong to some other human being, and he is somewhat surprised at the exhilarated condition in which he notices they are. The teaberry jack gives him the mental power to disassociate himself from his toes, and to be a spectator of the way in which the effects of the tipple start from his toes to his feet, then up to his knees. This is the danger signal, and should not be disregarded. The native Jerseyman is accustomed to the effects of this drink, but to a visitor they are fascinating and insidious. The effect, as it gradually extends upward, is cumulative and sudden. The last thing to be affected is the brain, which remains entirely sober after the throat and tongue have started on a mad career of inebriety. The tongue may be running on at a great rate, while the brain, in sorry sobriety, stands off in mental attitude by itself, wondering what is the matter with the tongue that it is carrying on and making all kinds of speeches. The legs may be dancing, while the rest of the body is sober and amused at the antics of the intoxicated legs.

MAKING THE BEST OF IT.

An Invalided Fisherman's Ingenious Device for Continuing His Sport.

A cheerful example of ingenuity in "making the best of it" is to be seen at an apartment house on Spruce street. It takes the form of a long, light fishing rod fixed to one of the window frames of a room on the third story in such a way that the line depending from it dangles over the sidewalk a trifle less than seven feet from the ground, says the New York Sun.

At the hook end of the line there is fixed a light wire basket and at the butt end of the pole there sits an invalid, chained to his chair by paralysis of the legs. In his active days the invalid was a great fisherman, and, as his wife is old and feeble, too, it has been the old fisherman's fancy to rig up this pole and set it for bites. They come in the shape of the morning and evening papers, his mail, messages from old cronies who know his whim, and small parcels from the neighboring tradesmen, who also know his fancy.

When the old Waltonian is wheeled in his chair to the window in the morning his first glance is down at the basket to see if there is any bite. There nearly always is, and then the window is opened, no matter what the weather may be, the line is wound in on the reel until it reaches the end ring on the pole, and then the "fish" is dexterously landed.

Sometimes, so the neighbors say, the old fisherman makes believe to "play" with the catch; and when, one day, a friend loaded down the basket with a load that really required a good deal of skill to haul in, the invalid fisherman was so overjoyed when he did land it that he could do nothing but smile for the rest of the day. The cold spell has bothered him a little, but when last seen, during the recent high cold winds, he had a heavy fur cap pulled down over his ears, a woolen comforter wound around his neck, fur gauntlets on his hands, and was hauling in a package of tobacco and a letter with all the concentrated interest of a true angler having it out with a gamy fish.

The Dighton Writing Rock.

At Dighton, Mass., lying well out in the tide water of Taunton river, is a rock of great antiquarian interest. It is a granite bowlder about eleven feet long and five feet in greatest height, and is known throughout New England as the "Dighton Writing Rock." One side of the bowlder is almost perfectly smooth, as though worn by glacial action. On this flat surface, in clear-cut outlines, are dozens of characters, hieroglyphics and pictures, chiseled by some prehistoric engraver. The archaeologists have never been able to decipher these characters, but they are of undoubted antiquity.

Sandwich Bread.

Box bread, as it is called in some bakeries, and sandwich bread, as it is known in others, is a loaf with perfectly square corners. The loaves can be stacked up like bricks. It is square in cross section and about twice as long as it is thick. The crust can be cut from it with very little waste, and the slices can be cut into the desired triangular shape for sandwiches without any waste whatever.

FORTUNES IN FURS.

An English Furrier Gives Some Details of High Prices.

Coats of Fur That Cost $5,000 Altered Every Year to Suit the Latest Fashion—Fine Wardrobe of Fur Worth $75,000.

Speaking of the $4,000 fur coat stolen from Lady Warwick, in connection with her description of herself as a "splendid pauper" under the new English tax laws, a furrier says to the Westminster Budget:

"As a matter of fact, $4,000 for a lady's fur coat is absolutely nothing out of the way in our experience. On the contrary, it is rather a low price for a fur coat of a lady of means and of social position. There are large numbers of such ladies who wear fur coats of about $4,750 to just over $5,000, and now and again, not so very rarely, we make a coat up to $7,500."

"What kind of fur are these coats lined with?"

"There are three kinds of expensive fur—Russian sable, natural black fox and sea otter. But it is not the lining only that makes a coat expensive. The trimming is another very valuable—often the most valuable—part. Take a set of Russian sable tails; that alone costs $40,000, nor is this surprising, since we pay $400 for one tiny skin as it comes to us straight from Russia, in an unprepared state."

"Then, what constitutes such a set?"

"Simply a plain front, collar and cuffs, and a deep garniture round the coat. But remember how many tails go to such a set, and remember, also, that this is the most beautiful fur that could possibly be had."

"I suppose a coat like this lasts forever?"

"It does last for many years, unless ladies are careless with it. But if you give them very hard wear and neglect them, it is only natural that they should soon be spoilt."

"But what about changes in fashion? Is the $5,000 fur coat worn whether it is made fashionable or not?"

"Oh, no; a great number of these coats come back to us every year to be altered according to the latest fashion."

"Are your customers of this class very fastidious and troublesome about these costly garments?"

"No, not in the very least. Of course, there may be exceptions occasionally, but, on the whole, these ladies are far easier to please than many. They have confidence in us; they know that the firm would supply nothing but what was thoroughly good and genuine. It is the people who want an ancient sealskin jacket altered, or something of that kind, who often prove the most troublesome. They seem to think that we can put the fur back on the animal, and turn it, from being worn and rotten, into new material. We do anything which it is possible to do; but to turn old fur into new is beyond the limitation of even the cleverest furrier."

"To return to the 'splendid paupers' fur. What constitutes a complete wardrobe of furs?"

"A long coat, a short one, perhaps a third, trimmed with fur, and a muff and cape. Such a wardrobe is worth several thousands, and you would be surprised to know how many ladies have such a wardrobe. They look upon their furs as upon their jewels, it seems. I know one customer of ours whose wardrobe of fur is worth $75,000, and only the other day we made a coat for $10,000, and the trimming for the coat of another lady cost $5,000."

"Then about fur coats for men. It looks as if they were becoming more popular. Is that so?"

"It is, indeed. Even six or seven years ago Englishmen seemed ashamed to wear fur coats, and if you saw a man in such a coat you set him down at once to be either an actor, an artist or a foreigner. That is no longer so, although there are still a good many men who are a little shy about the matter. They want a fur coat, but they don't want it to be recognized as such. So they have a coat lined with fur, but they don't have a fur collar or cuffs. And since we have made it for years a special feature to make fur coats fit, it is quite possible for a man to wear a fur-lined overcoat that looks exactly like an ordinary overcoat.

"The majority of men, however, do not mind it being noticed that they wear fur coats. And why should they? Surely a man who goes out to his club or to dinner at night, in evening dress, which is much thinner than the clothes he wears during the day, requires a fur coat. But men's coats are far less expensive than ladies'. We make them up to $2,500 or $3,000, but we also sell good coats, lined with muskrat (which is the best fur for wear), at $50. That is our cheapest coat. The average price a man pays is from $250 to $500, but there again the collar and cuffs form an important part of the value."

Five Millions for a Husband.

When Lady Margaret Grosvenor, third surviving daughter of the duke of Westminster, gave her hand to Prince Adolphus of Teck, the other day, says the Philadelphia Times, her father gave with it a marriage portion of five million dollars. The bride, the daughter of probably the richest man in the world, is rather a good-looking girl whose personality, to say nothing of such a fabulous dot, would seem to entitle her to something better in the way of a husband than the impecunious young lancer whose name she now bears. The prince is an officer in the seventeenth lancers, the full uniform of which regiment he wore when married. The wedding presents numbered about five hundred, and included enough jewelry to start a store. The newly wedded pair will in future be known as "their serene highnesses the prince and princess of Teck."

He Understood Womankind.

It is related by Tit-Bits that a certain man was recently very sad because his wife had gone on a visit, which she would not shorten in spite of his appeals to come home. He finally hit upon a plan to induce her to return. He sent her a copy of each of the local papers with one item clipped out, and when she wrote to find out what it was he had clipped from the papers he refused to tell her. The scheme worked admirably. In less than a week she was home to find out what it was that had been going on that her husband did not want her to know about.

HOUSE IN WHICH LINCOLN LIVED

For Many Years a Shrine Visited by Thousands of Patriots.

The Lincoln homestead stands on the northeast corner of Eighth and Jackson streets in Springfield, Ill. Mr. Lincoln bought it in 1846. It was then a story and a half house but subsequently raised to two stories. It is a plain frame structure and contains twelve rooms. Mr. Lincoln lived there fifteen years; in fact, until he departed for Washington on the 12th of February, 1861, to take the presidential chair. A family by the name of Tilton occupied the house during the war, and in those four years sixty-five thousand people called to see the home of the president. For eighteen years after the war closed the house passed through different hands and it was closed to the public. For a long time it was unoccupied. In November, 1883, Capt. O. H. Oldroyd rented the house and threw its doors open to visitors. In 1887 Robert Lincoln deeded the house to the state. Capt. Oldroyd was the custodian for a long time, but was removed by the democratic administration, his successor being Herman Hofferkamp. Capt. Oldsoyd is now the custodian of the house in which Mr. Lincoln died in Washington and has taken with him the grandest collection of Lincoln relics in the world. Oldsoyd spent a lifetime getting these mementos together. The state could well afford to have bought the collection and set apart a fund for its preservation.

The house, says the Chicago Tribune, is open to the public now and is virtually just as Mr. Lincoln left it. Some repapering and repairing has been done, but the proportions in the house are in no way changed. A year or so ago the state officials had the house photographed and had accurate measurements made of the edifice that it might be rebuilt in case of fire.

Hundreds of thousands of people have visited this house, men and women representing every civilized nation of the earth, and some of the barbarous ones, too, for that matter. Some years ago John Philip Sousa, then the leader of the Marine band, gave a matinee in Springfield. At the conclusion of the performance he took his band, sixty-five pieces in all, over to the Lincoln mansion. After appropriate music every member of this famous body of musicians made his signature on the register book. The occasion attracted an immense crowd, and numerous and prominent speeches were made by citizens of note. Sousa held a special train two hours to accomplish this, he and his men regarding it a slight testimonial of the respect in which they held Mr. Lincoln's memory.

LO AS A LABORER.

An Officer of Thirty Years' Frontier Experience Gives His Views.

A man who has been on the frontier for thirty years and has put in a big part of that time fighting Indians, is Capt. P. H. Ray, of the regular army, now in charge of the Shoshone and Arapahoe agency in Wyoming. Capt. Ray has practical views touching the Indian problem, based on his long contact with the red man. He believes that the Indian can be made a self-supporting and useful citizen, and all that is needed is to furnish him a sufficient incentive to work for a living, the same as his pale-face brother.

"During the war just ended," said he to a writer for the Washington Post, "I had the Indians at work on a big irrigating canal, of which seven miles have been completed. They made as good laborers as I ever saw and worked cheerfully for one dollar per day. In addition to that they raised enough grain for the reservation and to supply the neighboring military post, having a surplus besides to sell. They hauled every pound of freight from the railway terminus to the agency, a distance of one hundred and fifty miles. The men who have been living off the Indians by supplying all their needs for the past quarter of a century hate to see them beginning to get on a self-supporting basis, for then there will be no more money to be made out of them. For that reason every obstacle is thrown in the way and all sorts of misrepresentations made by these parties, who dread to see their occupation gone. During all my experience in the west I have never known an administration that has dealt with the Indians in so clean and conscientious a way as the present. The secretary of the interior has, without any partisan bias, done in every instance his best to promote the interests of the tribes and the government, and, from my own observation, I think that he has thus far been very successful."

ART OF REMEMBERING.

The Mind Is Like a Great Library, Each Volume in Its Place.

A noted medical writer likens the brain to a vast library and each idea, or name, or incident, to the volumes composing it, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. The memory, he says, acts as librarian and tucks away each volume in some peculiar niche of its own. Now, when we call on Librarian Memory for one of these volumes, he usually knows where it is and hands it to us instanter; but occasionally he, like other officeholders, forgets his duties. We call on him suddenly, waking him from his nap, perhaps, and he cannot remember where he put the name of Smith or Jones, or the little fact regarding the tariff or Agamemnon's wives or something or other. Sometimes he finds it after a moment's search, and sometimes not for days. But he keeps up a still-hunt for the missing volume, even while you forget all about it; and some time when you are least expecting it, presto! there is the very thing you are trying to remember.

For instance, somebody asked the writer of this paragraph the other day suddenly for the name of a lady and her daughter staying at one of the beaches near Boston. The name was a perfectly familiar one, being that of an acquaintance; but with the question it suddenly vanished. It was impossible to answer. Librarian Memory was asked for it three or four times during the evening, but it eluded his efforts completely and for a day or two the event was forgotten. Finally, coming down town on the electric car, with the mind absorbed in other things, the little librarian joggled our elbow. "Here he is. Smithson, volume 41,523, shelf 217," he whispered. As usual, when one ceases to want the thing it turns up. Ah, if one could only change librarians when the old one shows signs of weakening!

BAD BLIZZARDS.

Some of the Terrors of the Western Prairie Snowstorms.

The Settler's Cabin a Poor Refuge from the Icy Blasts—Appalling Losses Among the Herds and Flocks of the Plains.

The blizzard, as the plain man's vernacular designates the prairie snowstorm, is utterly incomprehensible to one who has not experienced it. Generated in the great storm-breeding regions of barren British America, and swept on arctic blasts along the vast level reaches that stretch eastward from the Rocky mountains, with no forest to break its force, it becomes a demon of the air, second only to the tornado or cyclone in destructiveness. The moisture is ground as between millstones, hurled with bullet-like energy over hundreds of miles of level plain, and finally transformed into yeasty sleet by the softening effects of lower latitudes, falls in bleak showers on the ranges of Texas and No-Man's-Land.

Lack of cheap building material and the brevity of the winter season on the prairies contribute to make the settler's cabin a poor refuge. When the blizzard comes every resource of fuel is husbanded, and it is faced with a grim determination to see it through, says the Detroit Free Press.

But not all are prepared even so well as the settler. Occasionally a belated emigrant, en route either to a chosen claim on the frontier or toward the pleasantly remembered east, where he hopes to find old friends and helpers, is caught by the blast. He may have a tiny stove inside the canvas-topped prairie schooner, but its heat can do little against the power of the storm. Sheltered by the low bluff of some ravine or water course he may weather the dragging hours of suffering, but the chances are that team and driver will be found a ghastly monument to the storm king's strength.

The farmer who has hurried ten or fifteen miles to the nearest village to secure supplies for the impending visitation is often overtaken before reaching his waiting family and perishes on the road, for no matter how well he knows the path, when the blizzard rages his way is as that of the mariner without a compass.

At the prairie schoolhouses, where the settlers' children are gathered from a territory covering many miles in every direction, the blizzard brings terror to the pupils as well as to their parents. Rescue is impossible until the lull comes, and awful possibilities lurk in the bosom of the storm. A Dakota schoolmistress last winter failed to dismiss her scholars in time for them to reach home, and found herself and them prisoners from a blizzard's approach. A night and a day at least were before her, during which her little charges must be protected. Deliberately she apportioned the food remaining in the dinner pails, divided the larger boys into squads and put the younger pupils to sleep on the benches. Then through the bitter night she sang, declaimed, told stories, invented games, and kept the frightened children amused and cheered as best she could. The following day passed much the same, but still no abatement of the storm nor any rescue. The second night was dreary indeed. The children cried themselves to sleep, hungry and cold. With her own hands the teacher broke up desks and blackboard to feed the voracious stove. With the morning came a shout at the door as the settlers shoveled away the snow, and then the plucky girl to whom the children owed their lives showed her womanliness and fainted.

The loss among stock on the plains by each blizzard is appalling. There is less exposure of herds and flocks now than in earlier times, yet every season causes the destruction of thousands of head of cattle and sheep on the ranges and in the unsheltered corrals. Several years ago, during the height of the Texas cattle trade, a blizzard in western Kansas early in December destroyed more than half of 300,000 cattle that were being herded on the open prairie. At one railway station after the storm, 25,000 hides were shipped; at another, 20,000. One ranchman found but 225 head alive out of 7,500 that had been grazing before the catastrophe. Several hundred ponies and a score of herders also perished.

The blizzard is a permanent feature of the prairie winter. Nothing but a decided climatic revolution can secure to the great trans-Mississippi region immunity from its death-bearing presence. Better preparations are yearly being made to withstand its fury, and to protect more generously the dumb animals who suffer equally with their masters. The signal service is rendering aid in warning communities reached by telegraph of the storm's approach, while the settlers, taught by bitter experience, take with each season better precautions, and provide more intelligently for their time of need, which is sure to come.

But with all man's care and defense, the blizzard remains unconquered. It is cruel, relentless and unmerciful as some Norse god, from whose kingdom it comes. It is one of the west's possessions which is wholly and irredeemably detestable. In its forefront is apprehension; at its height, terror; in its wake, desolation and suffering—sometimes death.

PEN, PENCIL AND BRUSH.

CARDINAL VAUGHAN is making arrangements for an exhibition of Christian art in London this season.

FIVE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-SIX architects have entered the competition for the preparation of plans for the projected Paris exhibition of 1900.

LARGILLIERE'S portrait of the Old Pretender and his sister, once owned by Horace Walpole, has been bequeathed by the late earl of Orford to the National Portrait gallery.

A SHEET of pen drawings by Michael Angelo was discovered recently in a London auction room. The subjects were sketches for holy families and allegorical groups. The prize brought $1,900 at auction.

AN exhibition of George Rowlandson's work, water colors, drawings and caricatures, is now on view in London. Like Gilray, his contemporary, he shows up all phases of life in England at the beginning of the nineteenth century.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - - MAY 17, 1895.

CONSIDERING that Philadelphia's Lexow investigating committee is unanimously Republican, it is reasonable to infer that there will be a brisk demand for whitewash in the city of brotherly love in the near future.

THE New York *Herald* prints reports from the mills and factories showing that during the month of April the wages of 300,000, American workmen were increased in iron, steel, cotton and woolen mills and in mines. And all this under the Wilson tariff.

THE President has appointed as civil service commissioners, William G. Rice, Democrat, of Albany, N. Y., to succeed Theodore Roosevelt, and John B. Harlow, Republican, of St. Louis, is to succeed Mr. Lyman. Mr. Proctor of Kentucky is the holdover Democrat.

JAMES NUTT, who shot Dukes in Venango county, this state 11 years ago, and who has been on trial at Atchison, K., on a charge of attempting to take the life of Leonard Colman, was found guilty on Wednesday night. The defense was insanity, as it was in the Dukes case. At the time Nutt assaulted Colman he also assaulted Mrs. Jesse Payton, and will be arraigned to answer the other charge.

THE well-known anthracite coal operator Eckley B. Coxe died at his home at Drifton, Pa., Monday, of pneumonia. Deceased was aged 56 years. He leaves a wife, but no children. His estate is estimated at millions. In politics Mr. Coxe was a Democrat. He served one term in the state senate, and could have had the nomination of his party for governor on several occasions had he consented to the use of his name.

GOVERNOR HASTINGS has vetoed the senate bill enlarging the capacity of the wife to sell her real property without the joinder of her husband. The governor says: "Doubtless there are many individual cases of extreme hardship that would be relieved if this bill were to become a law, but, considering the best interests of all the people, I am constrained to believe that it would be productive of evil rather than good."

THE condition of Secretary Gresham while "much improved," according to official report, is still the source of great anxiety to his wife and family.

The secretary is very ill. Even under the most favorable circumstances it will be weeks, and perhaps months, before he recovers sufficiently to resume his duties, at the state department. There is a strong impression that Mr. Gresham will give up his portfolio and seek rest.

GERMANY has instituted the preliminary measures with the other members of the international postal union relative to the issuance of an international postage stamp. Nearly all the members of the Union have assented to the project, and a convention will no doubt soon be called to discuss the basis of the proposed measure. It is thought one great advantage such a stamp would possess would be the facility it would offer for the payment of small bills and accounts in foreign countries.

THE P. R. R. will soon place in its new Broad street station, Philadelphia, within a few days, one of the largest maps in the world. It will be 105 feet long and 15 feet high, giving a birds eye view of the United States between the 37th and 47th parallels, north latitude, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The company's lines will be prominently traced, and the lines of all other principal railroads of the Union will also be shown. It will be painted on canvass and will cost, when completed, about $2,000. The work will be done by the American Bank Note company, of New York.

BIMETALLIC free coinage is possible, says the New York *World*, only on a ratio which equalizes the bullion value and coined value of both metals. Whenever the legal tender value of a coin is less than its bullion value it goes to the melting pot, ceases to be coin or money and becomes a commodity.

When our ratio required for the silver dollar, metal worth a cent or two more than the metal required for the gold dollar the coining of the silver dollar ceased. It disappeared from circulation, and in order to acquire the necessary fractional coin we had to set aside the legal ratio and coin halves, quarters, &c., with less than the amount of silver required by the ratio.

In like manner our gold coin must disappear from circulation and become a commodity whenever our laws permit metal of far less value to be coined freely into legal tender dollars. Such a scaling of debts and taxes would not only revolutionize prices but cause a sudden and violent contraction of currency to the amount of $600,000,000, endangering the whole fabric of business.

This is why honest bimetallists oppose free coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1, in disregard of the bullion values of the two metals, as a violent and ruinous inauguration of silver monometallism. A ratio which would permit both gold and silver to be coined freely into legal tender dollars and to circulate freely side by side, neither driving the other out of circulation or out of the mints, is the sine qua non of bimetallic free coinage, and it can be attained by either decreasing the gold in the gold dollar or increasing the silver in the silver dollar;

As to the 16 to 1 people reject both of these alternatives, it is because they want a more ruthless scaling of debts, or because they want silver monometallism downright, with the strongest possible spice of repudiation in it?

THE recent investigation of Dr. Merriman, chief of the division of ornithology of the agricultural department at Washington, should convince the most obstinate farmer that he is in the wrong concerning certain birds injuring the crops.

According to Dr. Merriman who has been for several years engaged in examining and analyzing the contents of the stomachs of hawks, owls, crows, blackbirds, meadow larks, and other birds of North America, which are supposed to be strikingly beneficial or injurious to farmers, the stomachs of over 7,000 birds, taken at different seasons of the year, have already been analyzed and the contents determined, while some 12,000 are still unexamined. The results in some cases have been remarkable, showing in several notable instances that popular ideas regarding the injurious effects of certain birds were wholly mistaken, and that they have been the victims of an unjust persecution. This has been found to be especially the case with hawks and owls, for the slaughter of which many states give bounties. Pennsylvania in two years gave over $100,000 in hawk and owl bounties. Examinations of the stomachs of these birds proved conclusively that ninety-five per cent. of their food was field mice, grasshoppers, crickets, etc., which were infinitely more injurious to crops than they.

It was found that only five kinds of hawks and owls ever touched poultry, and then only to a very limited extent. A bulletin now about going to press on the crow also shows that bird is not so black as he has been painted by the farmers. The charges against the crow were that he ate corn and destroyed the eggs and poultry and wild birds. Examinations of their stomachs showed that they ate obnoxious insects and other animals, and that although twenty five percent of their food is corn it is almost waste corn picked up in the fall and winter. Another plea for the hawks and owls is that they are useful in destroying the sparrows, which become a pest where they are numerous. It is better to let these birds kill the sparrows than to teach boys cruelty by permitting them to shoot and maim them.

NOT in the history of Pennsylvania, says the Washington *Democrat*, can be found a legislature that is making a more disgraceful record than the present one, so overwhelmingly Republican that the minority makes no figure in the count. One thing stamps the infamy of the present session. With revenues declining and the necessity apparent of making great reductions in the appropriations for the public schools or the benevolent institutions of the state, instead of economizing, the legislature from the start entered on a career of extravagant and useless appropriations. It adopted a system of throwing away money not countenanced in this state even with the treasury overflowing. We mean by the increase of salaries and the creation of new and useless offices. The new offices created carry with them salaries amounting to nearly $300,000.

Among the great curiosities in this line was the bill pensioning 13 judges who are ready to retire on full salaries for life to make room for 13 ambitious Republican lawyers. The whole pension scheme, vicious in principle and corrupt in practice, was for no other purpose than to make places for partisans. We challenge the production of anything like it in any state of the Union. New York did try a judicial pension for a few years, but the abuses inseparable from any pension system induced the late constitutional convention in that state to stamp it out root and branch.

One of the great evils of the present session will not be disclosed for some time after the adjournment, now fixed for the first week in June. This is the immense amount of special legislation of a jobbing character due under the guise of general laws. Governor Pattison was always a vigilant in this respect, but Governor Hastings is in with "the boys" and sanctions what they propose Pattison had a happy knack of getting at the intent of vicious legislation, unmasking it and disapproving it. Hastings is a different sort of a governor.

AN official dispatch from Tokio received at the Japanese legation, at Washington, states that the ratifications of the treaty of peace between Japan and China were exchanged at Chifu on Wednesday. No change was made in the text of the treaty as originally concluded. Taking into account the recommendation made by Russia, Germany and France, the Japanese government agreed to renounce permanent possession of the Liau Tong peninsula on condition that the arrangements regarding the terms and form of renunciation shall be reserved for adjustment between itself and the government of China.

This latter stipulation is construed to mean that Japan will not surrender the peninsula until a suitable indemnity shall have been paid, and that it may even be agreed between Japan and China that the possession of Port Arthur itself will be retained by the Japanese for a term of years extending beyond the date when the indemnity has been paid in full, thus assuring to Japan not alone the payment of the indemnity itself, but also sufficient time to safeguard herself against anything like a war of reprisal.

INVESTIGATION has resulted in showing that California is being flooded with cheap Japanese labor, every steamer from the Orient, Honolulu, and Victoria bringing laborers in large numbers in violation of the Alien Contract Labor law. Within the last year about 10,000 Japanese have found employment on farms and in vineyards, and white farm hands are idle by thousands.

IT took 17 days to impanel a jury in New York for the trial of a police commissioner.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11, 1895.—Secretary Carlisle has long since ceased to notice published misrepresentations concerning himself or the treasury department, but he had to smile when the story reached Washington that the Populists were making campaign material out of the alleged alarm of treasury officials at the purchase of gold bullion from western miners by the syndicate which purchased the last issue of bonds. This silly story went on to say that it was the purpose of the syndicate to make a corner in gold and after the price had had been forced up to make a raid on the gold in the treasury and force another big issue of bonds to replenish it. There never was a more ridiculous story concocted upon a basis partially true. It has been well known that the syndicate mentioned has been buying gold from western miners for the last two months, but it has also been equally well known that it was bought in order that the syndicate might live up to its contract with the government, which called for the turning of so much gold into the treasury within a certain period. There has been no alarm on the part of the treasury officials simply because there has been nothing to be alarmed about. The reason why the gold was bought from the western miners was that the premium at which it could be bought was less than it cost to ship it from Europe, thus making its purchase over here profitable to the syndicate. The contract with the syndicate stipulates that one-half the gold paid into the treasury for the bonds shall come from Europe and the contract has up to this time been kept to the letter. The last payments will not be due until next October.

Ex Senator Butler, of South Carolina, who made many warm friends during his eighteen years service in the senate, left Washington, with his family, this week for his home. He says he is now out of politics and says he does not again expect to take an active part, but those who know him best say it will be simply impossible to keep him quiet when there is fighting going on.

Many shrewd observers believe that with more prosperous times there will come a radical change in the sentiments of a majority of those who now advocate the free coinage of silver because they believe any change must be for the better. For instance, two Democrats from widely separated states—Judge Montgomery, of Michigan, and Judge Berry, of Georgia—who happened to be in Washington this week, thus diagnosed the silver case in their respective states: Judge Montgomery—"I think the Republicans of Michigan are fully as much divided on the silver question as the Democrats. Some of the most influential men in the Republican party out there are thoroughly imbued with the free silver sentiment. My own belief is that we have seen the maximum agitation on that subject. I do not think it will be a factor in the presidential election next year, and do not expect either of the great parties to make any declaration as to silver coinage, affirmatively or negatively." Judge Berry, says:—"It looks to me as though a great portion of the southern people had gone crazy on silver. I guess they will get over it in time and will wake up some day to a realization of the folly of such a policy. Of all the people in the United States the southerners ought to stand most inflexibly in favor of a sound currency. They don't mine an ounce of silver and their chief product, cotton, is valued on a gold basis on the other side of the Atlantic. At present the silverites are howling with the same fervor that the disciples of the old greenback doctrine displayed, but a year from now under the influence of better times their ardor may be abated and the movement may die out as completely as the fiat money craze did."

The completed model of the equestrian statue of General Winfield Scott Hancock was exhibited to day to a number of prominent people, in the studio of Mr. H. J. Ellicott, the sculptor selected by the commission charged by congress with the duty of superintending the making and erection of the statue. The model made an excellent impression on those who saw it, the likeness in face and figure of General Hancock being specially commented upon.

President Cleveland is uncertain as to when he will leave Washington for the summer. He would like to go to Gray Gables when Mrs. Cleveland and the children go, which will be in the neighborhood of the first of June, but it will depend entirely upon circumstances whether he goes.

Secretary Gresham has so far recovered from his recent illness that he is going away for a short rest. Things in his department are all in good shape, notwithstanding the many Republican predictions of the serious trouble which was certain to result from some of the recent complications with foreign governments.

M.

Died to Win a Bet.

Shamokin, Pa., May 13.—A crowd of men this morning went into a saloon with Joseph Swartz to see him drink a quart of whisky for a wager, and they emerged in a little while bearing his corpse. It was a tradition that Swartz could drink two quarts of the reddest liquor at one time, and when the question arose as to whether he could swallow the quart Joe shrugged his shoulders contemptuously. Without ceremony he ordered the fiery liquor. Down his throat coursed the stuff, and his eyes sparkled. Finally the last drop was down, and Joe cast a triumphant glance at his companions. Then he sang a song and danced a jig. His brain had been turned, and he said his nerves tingled as though a thousand needles were pricking him. Faster went his feet, until he suddenly threw his arms in the air and grew deathly pale. He groaned, dropped to the floor and the merry shouts of his comrades died into exclamations of alarm. They rushed to his side, and he seemed in awful agony, but unable to speak. He became senseless in a few minutes and then died.

Murder and Suicide.

Philadelphia, May 15.—Eli Williams, colored, this morning, while supposingly sane, started a fire in the cellar of his residence, No. 129 North Junipar street, and then hit his wife, Mary, who was asleep in in bed, on the head with an axe. As a finale to the tragedy, the negro committed suicide by blowing out his brains with an old musket.

Although the woman's skull was crushed in, she ran to the street in her nightclothes and gave the alarm, and the fire was soon extinguished.

Williams had been ill for some time and had been acting strangely of late. At four o'clock this morning he arose, and piling up a lot of crates and baskets in the cellar of the small frame dwelling, set them on fire. When the flames had gained a little headway, and it was evident that they would consume the house and also hide all traces of the prospective murder and suicide, Williams set in to finish the work. He was successful so far as his own life was concerned, but the wife rallied despite the fearful blow from the butt end of an axe and saved the house from destruction.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Landslide.

About 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon an enormous slide of rock and earth occurred on the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad, a short distance east of Mapleton. Thousands of tons of the mineral came down from the hillside and for the space of half a mile the two tracks were practically covered.

A heavy rain had been falling which loosened the earth, and to make matters worse there was a cloud burst. This torrent of water dislodged the rocks and they fell. Its support being gone the earth followed them. It caused a complete blockade of travel. An east bound freight train arrived on the scene just in time to be caught. So great was the force of the falling mass that the engine and seventeen of the cars were lifted over from the east to the west bound track. Fortunately none of the crew were injured, although the earth was piled far up the sides of the cars.

Word was quickly sent out and wrecking crews despatched from Harrisburg, Spruce creek, Huntingdon, Mifflin and Altoona. In addition to this all the section men between Huntingdon and Mifflin and a great many from the Pennsylvania railroad company shops were pressed into service. The work of cleaning the mass of material from the track consumed twenty-four hours. The first track was opened about four o'clock on Monday morning and by two in the afternoon the other was ready for trains. A considerable amount of the work was done during a heavy rain. The material was put over the bank into the disused bed of the old canal along its base.

During Saturday night several passenger trains were sent around by way of Lock Haven and the Bald Eagle Valley railway. All trains were running on time again Monday afternoon.

Killed the Pursuing Father.

Covington, Ga., May 13.—In Morgan county, just over the line of Newton, lives the family of the rich and well-known planter, J. T. Estes. He had a daughter who wanted to marry Will Green. The family of the young woman objected to the proposed marriage. Yesterday afternoon Green met Miss Estes by appointment, and they went in a buggy to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Harwell, who was to perform the ceremony.

Just as the couple were getting out of the buggy they saw Mr. Estes and his son coming toward them. Green quickly pulled a revolver and fired at Mr. Estes, the ball entering near the heart, killing the farmer instantly. Green then fired two shots at young Estes, without effect.

Leaving her father dead in the road, and her brother bending over the body, Miss Estes went on with her lover to Broughtonville, where they were married. The sheriff of Newton county has received a telegram stating that a reward of $250 has been offered for the capture of Green.

An Aeronaut's Peril.

Victoria, B. C. May 14.—The Australian steamer Miowera brings news of an accident which occurred at Gympis, New South Wales, a few days before the ship sailed, by which Mlle. Essie Viola, of San Francisco, known as the queen of American aeronauts, nearly lost her life.

When the balloon in which Mlle. Viola ascended reached an altitude of over 1,000 feet the thousands of spectators below were shocked at the appearance of flames bursting through the huge silken bag. With great difficulty the aeronaut released the parachute, but this too caught fire as she was about to jump from the balloon.

Nevertheless, Mlle. Viola leaped from the cage, and with her burning parachute fluttered down to earth. The strangest feature of the accident, which is authenticated for by a number of Australian papers, is that the young woman was not seriously injured by the fall.

Off With the Widow's Jewels.

New York, May 13.—Mrs. Adolph Sims, an aged widow, became acquainted with a smooth-faced, effeminate-looking young man named Henry Fisher during her charitable work in this city. Mrs. Sims had much valuable jewelry, most of which she wore during the day and locked up in a little box at night. Fisher usually locked the precious box in her safe at night and brought it to her again in the morning.

This morning he got the box, as usual, and disappeared with jewels worth $3,000. Mrs. Sims notified the police, and Fisher's room was searched. His trunk was filled with fancy feminine costumes, including Mother Hubbard wrappers of colored crepe silk, basques and corsets.

There were also bill programmes and posters, showing that "Harry Mortime," which is supposed to be Fisher's stage name, was a professional female impersonator.

Cheering News from Fifteen States.

Chicago, May 13.—Cheering news comes from fifteen states visited by frost yesterday morning. The crops are reported safe. Wheat and oats escaped uninjured because neither had begun to joint and where cut down by the heavy rains or frost will sprout again. Corn was slightly nipped by the frost in a few states, but not enough to occasion the slightest alarm that the yield will be affected to any noticeable extent. Small fruits, garden truck and vegetables have suffered from the frosts in a few of the northern states, but no damage of any consequence is reported elsewhere. Secretary Garrard, of the state board of agriculture, attributes the death of millions of chinch bugs to the heavy rains and says the ground needed just such an amount of moisture to make the future of the crops promising.

An Eminent Man Ill.

Washington, May 14.—Hon Hugh McCulloch, the eminent economist and financier, who has twice served the United States as secretary of the treasury, once in the cabinet of Lincoln and again in the cabinet of President Arthur, is now lying critically ill at his Maryland home, some ten miles from this city. Mr. McCulloch is not suffering from any particular disease but from the general breaking down of the system. He was born in Kennebuck, Me., 86 years ago. While his physical condition is feeble, his mind remains clear and vigorous. Dr. Stone, who is attending Mr. McCullough, does not anticipate any immediate danger, but the patient's advanced age is against his recovery.

STARVING MINERS.

They Demand Provisions From a Store Near Nelsonville, O.

TWENTY USED DRAWN REVOLVERS

The Superintendent of the Stalder Company Mines Gave Them Money—The Company Organizing Measures to Aid the Suffering.

NELSONVILLE, O., May 15.—Twenty miners with a constable as a leader went armed with revolvers to the Stalder Coal company's store and demanded provisions for themselves and families. The superintendent gave them money for present wants. The company is organizing measures to aid the suffering.

The local miners at New Pittsburg are giving needy miners orders on merchants with the pledge of the union to redeem them.

The Trial of Jim Nutt.

ATCHISON, Kan., May 15.—In the trial of James Nutt the defense introduced the depositions of Mrs. Charlotte Nutt and Joseph A. Nutt, mother and brother of the prisoner. The depositions dwelt upon the dullness of the prisoner, his lack of business qualifications, his poor judgment and deficient mental capacity. His wife testified of Nutt's restlessness at night and said that he had often complained of pains in the head. In rebuttal, the prosecution introduced a number of Nutt's neighbors in this county. They testified to having never noticed anything wrong mentally with him. The case will go to the jury today.

Around the World In a Boat.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 15.—Captain J. W. Morris has started on a tour around the world in a boat 45 feet in length. He is accompanied by his wife, two seamen and a cabin boy. From an architectural point of view the boat is peculiar. It is sharp at both ends with 11 feet draught, and is said to be proof against capsizing in the roughest weather. Captain Morris will sail from here to Australia, and from there to the South African coast.

A Cloudburst In Kentucky.

VANCEBURG, Ky., May 15.—News has been brought here of a cloudburst in Rock Run creek, five miles south. All fences from the head to the mouth of the creek were washed away. John Cole's house was washed away and the family narrowly escaped with their lives. Crops were completely destroyed, trees uprooted and the debris fills the valley where pretty fields were spread a few days ago.

Drowned by a Boat Capsizing.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—Webster Mott, 18 years old, son of State Senator Frederick W. Mott, and Alexander Middleton, Jr., son of the proprietor of the St. Louis and Carondelet Express company, have been drowned in the Mississippi river by the capsizing of their boat. James Middleton, who was also in the boat, escaped.

Confederation Almost Hopeless.

LONDON, May 15.—A dispatch to The Times from St. Johns, N. F., published today, says that the government admits that the scheme of confederation with Canada is hopeless, unless Colonial Secretary Bond secures a reopening of the matter on his visit to Ottawa. Ex-Speaker Emerson goes to London immediately to negotiate a loan.

The Husband Suspected.

ENTERPRISE, Miss., May 15.—Oliver Edwards and the wife of Chris Thompson, both colored, have been killed by some unknown party on R. A. Sheridin's place, where they were employed. Suspicion points to Chris Thompson as the murderer.

Bad Wreck In Missouri.

SILEX, Mo., May 15.—The southbound passenger on the St. Louis and Hannibal railway has been derailed by a broken rail two miles from here, and thrown down a 20 foot embankment. C. Meyer of St. Louis was killed. Twenty-two people were injured.

Ancient Order of Hibernians.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The forty-sixth annual convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians (Board of Erin) is in session in Tammany hall. There are present 250 delegates.

Six Bandits Executed.

ALGIERS, May 15.—Areski, the famous bandit chief, and five of his companions have been executed at Azaza. The band of outlaws to which these men belonged terrorized Kabylia for a long time.

Smyth Succeeds Gilroy.

NEW YORK, May 15.—At a meeting of the Tammany society, ex-Recorder Smyth was unanimously elected as grand sachem, to succeed ex-Mayor Thomas F. Gilroy. He will be installed next Monday night.

An Ex-Banker Suicides.

KANSAS CITY, May 15.—John Shaw, once a banker in Warwick, Ont., has committed suicide by taking carbolic acid in his room, at the Colorado hotel, in this city.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—There were 300 entries in the New York City cat show.

—The skin of a California condor was sold in London some time since for $225.

—Over 600 sides of leather are turned out daily at the Confluence, Somerset county, tannery.

—Wages of the 700 employes of the Chandler Iron Company, Ely, Minn., have been advanced from 10 to 14 per cent.

—Dwight J. Hitchock, ex-president of the Illinois Midland railroad, died as a pauper, in Chicago, friendless and penniless.

—Ella Triplett, of Youngstown, O., has secured a divorce because her husband compelled her to eat muskrat and crow fried it, skunk oil.

—South Carolina's dispensary law, prohibiting the shipment of liquor into that state, has been declared unconstitutional by United States Judge Goff.

—Miss Francis Roqush, of Plymouth, Pa., committed suicide on the morning of her wedding day, because she thought Frank Bakkare, prospective groom, did not love her as much as formerly and she heard he had left town.

—S. R. McCormick, of Wayne township, Mifflin county, made information before 'Squire W. H. Erwin on Monday of last week against forty employes of the Pennsylvania railroad company, of Huntingdon, for the violation of the Sunday laws for placing rails on No. 2 track between Ryde and Vineyard stations. The hearing takes place on Saturday.

... TO THE ...

MONEY SAVERS

.... OF ....

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Bradley's Cash Store, Main Street, Gallitzin, is the best store in town and is filled with choice, seasonable goods at the Lowest Prices.

50 pieces of Lancaster Gingham, about 2,500 yards, at 5 cents. Blue Prints at 5 cents. Muslins, best Print at 6 cents.

DRESS GINGHAMS, 5C.

The Best 50-cent Corset in town, well worth 75 cents. Wall Paper 8 cents double bolt up to 15 cents for Gilt Paper.

Full line of Embroidery, Laces, Lace Curtains and White Goods.

Splendid assortment of Hats, Shirts and Shoes. Oxford Ties for ladies—never more stylish or cheaper.

We extend an invitation to out-of-town buyers to call and see our assortment of goods.

Thos. Bradley,

Gallitzin, Pa.

I LEAD THE

PROCESSION!

—IN—

High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—at money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on show. Our spring stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of this country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

☞I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

NEW SPRING STYLES.

We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition. We have the largest stock in Northern Cambria and the make-up of our fine goods is equal to custom-made. We have the new Spring Shapes in Hats and our stock of Gents' Furnishings is complete.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, learn prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE

MONUMENTAL : WORKS!

☞We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS,
HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—

Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.

Give personal supervision to the manufacture and shipment of all orders.

Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

EBENSBURG, PA.

AMERICAN SILVER TRUSS.
Dotted lines, Back View.
LIGHT, COOL, Easy to Wear. No pressure on Hips or Back. No understraps. Never moves.
Retains Severest Hernia with Comfort.
MANUFACTURED AT
200 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

American Silver Truss.

Beside the above we handle the Seeley Hard Rubber, the Penfield Celluloid, and all other Standard Trusses.

☞Special attention given to the proper fitting of Trusses

Dr. T. J. DAVISON,

EBENSBURG, PA.

mch5 95

Ely's Cream Balm

THE CURE FOR CATARRH HAY-FEVER AND COLD IN HEAD

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD
HAY FEVER
DEAFNESS
HEADACHE
ELY'S CREAM BALM
TRADE MARK
50c

Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. 50c

B. & B.

Business Enthusiasm, Energy and Push.

Three important factors [illegible] of an immense business [illegible] ers with energy and zeal [illegible] in buying great quantities [illegible] styles and at prices [illegible] tomers' interests—this being the [illegible] policy, fully explains how the [illegible] great undervalues can be offered.

Fine SILK MIXED BOUCLETTES [illegible] neat refined styles [illegible] —44 inches wide, just half value [illegible] CENTS a yard.

Stylish IMPORTED COVERT TWEEDS—8 different [illegible] inches wide, 50 CENTS a yard.

Nothing so stylish and desirable for [illegible] tailor-made gowns as these [illegible] TAILOR CHECKS and MIXTURES [illegible] $1.00 goods, 50 inches wide, [illegible] CENTS.

All-wool BLACK BROCADE [illegible] QUARD—dozen different designs [illegible] inches wide, 35 CENTS a yard.

A great purchase, and will make a [illegible] respondingly great sale [illegible] Color PLAIN SILK GINGHAMS [illegible] quisite shades—pink, lavender [illegible] rose, best quality 50c SILK GINGHAMS [illegible] 25 CENTS a yard.

Wash Goods.

Such assortments of medium [illegible] even this store of noted variety [illegible] stocks never before displayed.

Fine PRINTED JACONETS [illegible] in coloring and design [illegible] CENTS [illegible]

Finer and better Jaconets [illegible] 12½C., that are more [illegible] cool, fresh-looking summer dresses.

Beautiful new wash fabrics [illegible] like PLISSE—perfection in [illegible] signs—10C., 12½C. and 15C. a yard.

To tell of half would be [illegible] better way is to come or write for [illegible] and new illustrated catalogue—FREE.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.

Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect January [illegible]

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	[illegible]
Altoona Accommodation, week days	[illegible]
Day Express, daily	[illegible]
Altoona Express, daily	[illegible]
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	[illegible]
Mail Express, daily	[illegible]
Philadelphia Express, daily	[illegible]

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	[illegible]
Pacific Express, daily	[illegible]
Way Passenger, daily	[illegible]
Mail Train, week days	[illegible]
Fast Line, daily	[illegible]
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	[illegible]

Ebensburg Branch

Trains leave as follows [illegible] p. m. and arrive at Cresson at [illegible] 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at [illegible] p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at [illegible] 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and [illegible] arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.20 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. arriving at Irvona at 10.50 a. m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Passenger Agent.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware, Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON,

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

may2 20ly

F. X. FEES'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where [illegible] in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean. Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

AGENTS WANTED [illegible]

ambria Freeman.

BENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

DAY, - - - - - - MAY 17, 1895.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

e. F. Snyder, of Barr township, was in Wednesday.

ther Matthews, an old citizen of Reade p, is seriously ill.

e teachers of Blair county will hold ite on August 26th.

ow fell in Ebensburg on Tuesday, [illegible]

ge Farr, of the Carrolltown *News*, a few hours in town on Tuesday.

r. J. L. Seibler, editor of the South Record, was in town on Monday.

Joseph Masters, of Johnstown, a visitor to Ebensburg on Thursday.

Joseph Bearer, of Carroll town- spent a few hours in town on Tues-

e family of Mr. T. H. Heist, proprie- Maple Park, arrived here on Satur-

Joseph Griffin, of Munster town- as a visitor to Ebensburg on Tues-

een murder cases are on the list for g next term of the Indiana county

Michael McHugh, of Munster was a visitor to Ebensburg on

is being to be used as an ice and soda water parlor is being built Park.

ke fired a deer through one of ets of Alexandria, Huntingdon on Sunday last week.

ss Ann McDonald, of this place, re- home on Saturday after spending months in Baltimore.

Tuesday night dogs killed several the Messrs. J. H. Dimond and Hugh of Summerhill township.

e cleaning of the streets of Ebens- a job for which the borough should be commended.

Argument court on Monday Luke was appointed an auditor for township to fill a vacancy.

rge bull blacksnake was killed on Kinkead farm south of Ebensburg by Henry Funk, of this place.

A. Griffith and family returned on Thursday after a sojourn during winter months at the Doctor's orange in Florida.

Twenty-two sheep belonging to William and Thomas Doran, in hill township, were killed by dogs night.

Cook, a resident of Buckstown, set county, has become insane religion. He will be taken to in a few days.

Thomas Bradley, the well-known of Gallitzin, has a change of ad that will be interesting reading people of that vicinity.

Newport man who kept count says feet and one-half inches of fell the past winter, from No- ber 5, 1894, to March 24, 1895.

Edward Jervis, of Cambria township, engaged in building a wagon shed father's farm, cut a severe gash in with an axe one day last week.

Andrew, the six year old son of M. Quartz, of Cresson, formerly of fell on some broken glass one week and had one leg badly lacer-

Spikora, a miner employed at was seriously injured on Thursday of last week to the Altoona hospital for

hundred new scenes. No relics of Newcastle, worn-out features, with Vreeland's at the Opera House, Wednesday May 22.

Advertising costs money, and so do But as it is cheaper to ride than to walk that dis- it is cheaper to advertise

Telford, wife of Editor Telford, *Labor Tribune*, arrived on Thursday evening on a her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael of this place.

well-known citizen to be seriously ill. Mr. known in Ebensburg was a resident for a number of served one year as burgess.

noticed by an advertisement advertising column, Joseph McDonald property in is offered for attractive and desirable res-

meeting of the Armstrong county on Friday, it was decided for speed and thus better stock for this The purses in all will amount

in England were Their use was who agreed must be degenera- were not suf-

that the condition of Dr. D. physician of we recently no- and that he is grad- weaker. Dr. Evans of Ebensburg.

Sunday night did a large early garden truck, The grape crop but people who say that the apple crop is as was at first sup-

stallion valued by lightning which on the Indiana days ago. Of the the same stable he was and the only one not

Republicans on Satur- the following Register and recorder, James N. attorney, John L. Getty; D. C. Moorhead. The ticket as a victory for the of the party.

at Ebensburg on June Altoona wheel- Chairman Gidlon, American Wheelmen, does because money, in- has been hung up to be con- *Altoona Times*.

The grand spectacular military novel- "The March of the Red Dragoons," the most difficult marches, and concluding with tableau, "America," to be Vreeland's Minstrels at the Op- House on Wednesday evening, May

The large saw mill at DuBois, Pa., by John E. DuBois, sawed in one feet of lumber, 60,000 of box boards, one the largest outputs for one saw a single day ever known. The of men employed on the cut was

—Three new cottages will be built by Pittsburg parties in the vicinity of the old windmill during the next few weeks.

—Walter L. Main's hippodrome will exhibit at Johnstown on Saturday May 25th, with all the old and numerous new attractions.

—During a severe thunderstorm in Adams township lightning struck the barn of Alexander Murphy, ripping off a quantity of weatherboarding, but doing no other damage. The same bolt struck a tree near by and killed five sheep standing under it. Five other trees were struck within a distance of half a mile from the barn.

—Since active work has begun on the proposed Beech Creek railroad through Indiana county the coal lands all along the line are being leased. It is stated that all the territory between Latrobe, Westmoreland county, and Saltsburg has been leased, and farm land along the proposed new railroad has also gone up in price.

—A Napoleonic tea party for the benefit of the St. Augustine Catholic church will be held in the hall at St. Augustine on Decoration day, May 30th. Everyone is invited to attend. Prof. Maitland's orchestra, of Gallitzin, will furnish the music. Tickets admitting lady and gentleman, including supper and dancing, are $1.00.

—Judge Ermentrout, of Berks county, in charging a jury in a suit for damages against a railroad, once more emphasized in the most emphatic manner the duty of persons who crossed railroad tracks "to stop, look and listen" before venturing upon them. The jury rendered a verdict for the defendant without leaving the jury box.

—Dr. Thomas, father of Mrs. M. D. Kittell, of this place, died at his home in Leavenworth, Kansas, on Saturday morning, May 11, 1895, aged 69 years. The cause of his death was a paralytic stroke received some time ago. Mrs. Kitttell has been at Leavenworth for several weeks, while Mr. Kittell left for there on Saturday afternoon.

—Elijah Colyer, aged 22, residing at Juniata, was badly injured on Tuesday night while polling cars near the Red bridge in Altoona. He was struck by a car and had his left leg so badly mangled that it had to be amputated at the hospital. Additional injuries were a cut in his chin, contusion of the hand and numerous bruises on the body.

—The vault in the commissioners' office has been fitted up with steel letter files which improvement will be a factor in preventing any surplus cash from burdening the treasury at the end of the year, although the keeping up of the 4 mills rate of taxation and the raising of valuations will bring in more money to the county treasury than ever before raised.

—Thomas Harding, aged 19 years, living in Johnstown, while riding in a car in the brick works of the Cambria Iron Company, was struck on the head by a projecting piece of timber and knocked off the car. He was picked up in an unconscious condition and taken to the Cambria hospital. He may die from the injuries. The boy is the only support of a widowed mother.

—B. J. McFeely and Lawrence Wyland, two enterprising citizens of Spangler, Pa., were in town on Thursday. Mr. McFeely says he was instrumental in having Mr. McGraw locate his glass works in Huntingdon. After it was found that the site at Spangler could not be had without considerable delay. Mr. McGraw came to Huntingdon.—*Huntingdon Local News.*

—In the United States court at Pittsburg on Wednesday William King, of Pavia, Bedford county, was found guilty of passing counterfeit money. The prosecution alleged, and proved to the satisfaction of the jury, that the defendant had passed as a $10 bill a $1 bill that had been made to resemble the eagle by the use of an internal revenue stamp. King was remanded for sentence.

—The surviving members of the One Hundred and Thirty-third Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, will hold a reunion at Johnstown on the 17th of September next—the anniversary of the battle of Antietam. All survivors of the organization are requested to send their address to the committee—Messrs. J. L. Royer, John W. Price and Jacob M. Fockler, of Johnstown.

—After a good deal of delay in the matter, Judge Biddle at Carlisle on Friday filed an opinion denying newspapers the right to publish marriage license records. He says they may be published by grace but not by right. This dicision is directly the reverse of a decision by Judge Bland, of Reading, which ordered such records thrown open to the press, and the latter opinion was filed among the papers presented there.

—Farmer John Dewalt attended a public sale at Upper Bucks Eddy, Pa., on Saturday. He sat down into a chair and fell into a doze, accompanying the same by nodding his head. When an old cow was put up Dewalt's movements, but not his condition, were observed by the auctioneer. The cow was knocked down to him at $35. When he woke up and was informed of his purchase he refused to accept it. A suit will likely follow.

—The lens for the big telescope for the American University at Washington, D. C., cast at the Standard plate glass works at Butler, Pa., on Monday last, is perfect in every respect. It is the largest lens in the world, being 60 inches in diameter. Heretofore all the large lenses have been made in Paris. Dr. John Peate, under whose supervision the work was done, is to be congratulated for his patient perseverence and success.

—When Ab. Steele, a prominent farmer who resides near Hannastown, Westmoreland county, was driving home in a dog cart Saturday a-week, leading a stallion, the animal suddenly became maddened, and, leaping on the cart with his forefeet, ferociously attacked Mr. Steele, lacerating his arms with his teeth in a terrible manner. A neighbor rushed to Mr. Steele's rescue, and, after a desperate battle, succeeded in driving the infuriated brute away.

—On Friday morning of last week as the crew of repair hands on the Ebensburg branch were working their way toward Kaylor on a hand car, they were met in the cut east of John R. Davis' farm by the work train moving along at a fast rate. The crew consisting of John R. Davis, William Byrne, Gust. Harvey and Daniel W. James had barely time to jump when the pilot of the locomotive struck the hand car and wrecked it completely. All of the men escaped unhurt.

—How dear to our heart is the old silver dollar, when some kind subscriber presents it to view; the liberty head without necktie or collar and all the strange things that to us seem so new; the wide-spreading eagle, the arrows below it, the stars and the words with the strange things they tell, the coin of my fathers, we're glad that we know it, for some time or other it will come in right well; the spread eagle dollar, the star spangled dollar, the old silver dollar we all love so well.

—The accounts of the officials of Somerset county are now audited at the end of each month. The Myersdale *Commercial* says: "The county auditors on Monday commenced the work of auditing the accounts of the county officers for April. The new plan of auditing all of the accounts at the end of every month is apparantly working well. The auditors are delighted with the smooth way their work is being accomplished and the officers are also pleased with the method."

—Mr. Frank Shearer, foreman of No. 1 Turn in the Finishing Mill at Braddock, was instantly killed on Sunday evening in attempting to start the big engine. The engine had stopped on the "centre," when Mr. Shearer took an iron bar and attempted to move it off the centre. It started like a flash and drove the bar against the side of his face, crushing his skull and killing him instantly. Mr. Shearer was 47 years of age and was a former resident of Johnstown. He is survived by his wife, two sons and one daughter.

—An exchange speaks wisely in giving the following very sensible advice: "Drink nothing without seeing it, sign nothing without reading it, and make sure that it means nothing more than it says. Don't go to law uless you have nothing to lose; lawyers' houses are built on fools' heads. In any business never wade in water where you cannot see the bottom. Put no dependence on the label of a bag, and count money before you accept it. See the sack open before you buy what is in it, for he who trades in the dark asks to be cheated."

—A distressing accident occurred at Munson station, Centre county, on Saturday morning last by which a young man by the name of Harry Herbert lost his life. About 10:30 o'clock he informed his parents that he was going down to the Moshannon creek to shoot some wild ducks, which he heard were on the stream. So he took his loaded shotgun and started, and had not gone more than three hundred yards when the gun was accidentally discharged, the contents of which blew the head off his body. The unfortunate young man was aged about 32 years.

—Denny Sexton and Lloyd Eastwright, both of Indiana, quarreled Saturday night and Sexton was roughly handled. He was unable to rise after Eastright was taken away. A few minutes later Sexton's father appeared. He was intoxicated and, angered with his son's defeat, kicked him twice in the back. The young man was taken home paralized from his neck to his heels. It is not certain whether the paralysis is due to the injuries received in the quarrel or the kick from his father. Both men have been placed under arrest. The young man is dead.

—Many persons set out cabbage and tomato plants in a comparitively dry time, and in order to prevent their wilting pour water around the plants after they are planted. A much better plan is to make the holes with a dibble, and then fill water into the holes, allowing the water to fully soak away, and then put the plant into the hole, pressing the earth firmly against it. Plants will then need no surface watering, and do much better than if they had it. Some people in order to prevent wilting cover the plants with an inverted flower pot for some twenty-four hours, which is also an excellent practice.

—At Brady's Bend last Saturday Mrs. Mary Reisinger, a widow, had a barn raising, at which 30 neighbors were present. A dance was enjoyed in the evening and among the other refreshmens served was five gallons of ice cream, which had been made on the farm. During the night every guest was seized with sudden and serious illness. All of the physicians in the neighborhood were summoned, and although there had been no deaths up to Sunday noon, it was feared that several were fatally poisoned. An examination of the ice cream showed that it contained poison, but nobody knows how it got there.

—On Saturday, Joseph Nieubauer, aged nine years, was engaged at hauling rails on his father's farm near Coalport, assisted by another boy, his cousin, George Nieubaur, about the same age. Noticing an approaching storm the boys unhitched the horse and Joseph got on the horse's back while the other boy proceeded to let down the bars opening out on the road. While thus engaged there was a violent peal of thunder and a vivid flash and when George Nieubauer looked around, Joseph and the horse were lying dead on the ground. One side of the boys face was slightly discolored but otherwise his body was not disfigured by the stroke.

—By far the handsomest small theater in this part of the state will soon be erected at St. Vincent's abbey, Latrobe. It is to be for the amusement of the students attending that school, for their private literary societies and commencements. The theater will have seating room sufficent for the scholars, their parents and friends. The cost is to be $100,000, a very large sum for a small theater. Already $700 dollars worth of scenery has been ordered of Sosman & Landis, of Chicago, who put in the scenery at the Alvin and many other leading theaters. The drop curtain will be a dream of beauty. The fresco work and adornment of the theater will be the very best, and parents who come from Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York and other cities will need have no shame of the theater of St. Vincent's.—*Greensburg Press.*

Sheriff's Sales.

Sheriff Coulter has advertised the following real estate to be sold at sheriff's sale at the court house in Ebensburg on Monday, June 3, 1895, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The interest of Thomas W. Hollen in 5 acres of ground in Reade township, having thereon a small two-story frame dwelling house.

The interest of J. T. Trexler and Celestine Trexler, executors of Joseph J. Trexler, in 100 acres of land in Clearfield township, having thereon a two-story plank dwelling house and a log barn.

The interest of Isaac J. Weaklen in 40 acres and 90 perches of land in Carroll township, having thereon a two-story frame house and a stable, excepting and reserving coal, etc.

The interest of Harry Glass in a lot in Hastings borough, fronting 25 feet on Spangler street and extending back 125 feet to an ally, having thereon a two story dwelling house and a stable.

The interest of Henry McDermott in 8 acres of land in Barr township, (coal reserved,) having thereon a one and a half story frame dwelling house, a stable and outbuildings.

The interest of A. M. Olson in a a lot of ground in Elder township, having thereon erected a two-story dwelling house containing 4 rooms.

A Boy Playing Indian.

On Saturday evening an accident occurred at Jeannette at the residence of Mrs. Gellhauser on Sixth street, which will in all probability result in the death of her 10-year-old daughter, Agnes. It seems that when the rain commenced to fall the children were called into the house and put into one of the rooms. While playing there Gasper, one of the boys, found a revolver and commmenced playing Indian. He snapped it at one of the children, then at another and still at another without any serious results, but when he snapped it the fourth time at his 10-year-old sister, Agnes, the weapon was discharged, the ball striking her in the right breast, felling her to the floor, where she lay in a pool of blood. The mother, who was in another room, hastened in and found her little daughter seriously wounded. Dr. Ringer was at once summoned, who found that the ball had entered the right breast half an inch from the nipple. The ball could not be located and at present she is in a critical condition, with but little hopes of her recovery. The boy was greatly frightened and wept bitterly, as he was not aware the revolver was loaded.—*Greensburg Record.*

Real Estate Transfers.

J. Campbell Hildebrand to John H. Cameron, Morrellville; consideration, $1,500.

Catharine Stayner to Jebulon Thomas, Reade, $900.

Samuel Kuhn et ux. to Jebulon Thomas, Reade, $1.

Elizabeth Jones et vir. to Annie Jones, Ebensburg, $1.

Elizabeth Jones et vir. to Adam Lentz, Ebensburg, $175.

Margaret Kelly to Sarah Cavanaugh, Johnstown, $75.

William J. Donnelly et al. to Allen Abbott, Patton, $300.

Peter Moran et ux. et al. to John Rabus, Allegheny, $3,000.

Mrs. Ann McKeever to John Rabus, Allegheny, $250.

S. H. Buck et ux. to Albert Farabaugh, Carrolltown, $350.

Spangler Improvement Company to P. B. Cosgrove, Spangler, $225.

Spangler Improvement Company to Peter Wyland, Spagler, $150.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to John S. Duke, Barnesboro, $260.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to Philip Bender, Barnesboro, $300.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to John Holewa, Barnesboro, $55.

Edward B. Entwisle et ux. to Patrick Boyle, Moxham, $1,300.

John Daugherty to Mary Smith, Allegheny, $200.

Mary Smith et vir. to George Haid, Allegheny, $200.

Maggie Stewart et vir. to Mary E. Johnson, Roxbury, $700.

Guardian of Alice Carlin to Patrick Boyle, Johnstown, $1,075.

Kate S. Conrad et vir. to J. W. Hamer et al., Johnstown, $2,000.

Cambria Iron Company to Abraham Speicher, East Conemaugh, $350.

Cornelius Donoughe et ux. to John Dougherty, Allegheny, $1,300.

George Glass, et ux. to Jacob A. Glass, Johnstown, $225.

Benedict Eger et ux. to Pennsylvania R. R. Co., Johnstown, $1,830.

Cambria Iron Company to Dorothy Beuler, Johnstown.

Dorothy Beuler to Pennsylvania R. R. Company, Johnstown, $4,500.

Mathiot Reade et ux. to S. L. Reed, Blacklick, $500.

Jacob Inscho to Abby Ann Inscho, Morrellville, $1.

Miners May Strike.

Mr. T. A. Bradley, of Lilly, president of District No. 2, of the United Mine-workers, which includes Cambria county, in an interview the other day with a reporter of the Altoona *Times*, talked as follows:

He said the operators had flatly refused to grant the five-cent increase recently demanded by the miners of this district, but he was not prepared to say what the outcome of the refusal would be, the matter now being in the hands of the several local Unions. It is most likely a convention will be called for the latter part of the month, Mr. Bradley said, when the matter will be settled definitely, as at this convention it will be determined whether or not a strike would be the proper thing.

"All the operators are not opposed to the increase," the district president continued. "We have some of the best operators to be found anywhere right in this district, while we have some not so good. The Berwind-White people are the largest operators, and they virtually set the prices paid miners."

Was It One of Ours?

The Harrisburg correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record* says: "The members of the house are having a big laugh on a member from the western end of the state. During Thursday evening's session Representative Fow wrote a note in imitation of a woman's writing, asking the country member to meet her at the State steps. A messenger boy delivered the note. The big member was almost afraid to touch the dainty thing, but finally putting his glasses on he read it, gave a start and read it again. Glancing hurriedly about him to see if he was observed, he stuck the note in his pocket and left the house. At the rotunda he bought three rosy-cheeked apples, and, considering himself fully equipped to satisfy any girl, he started out to meet the supposed charmer. He never "tumbled" until after he had looked in vain for the girl and was greeted by a cheer from the fun-loving members. He is now offering $500 to have the news kept from the people of his county."

Vintondale.

The advertisement at the top of this page throws open to people the opportunity that many have been waiting for. Vintondale is the youngest of the new towns in Cambria, but her prospects are the brightest, and the attractions and advantages possessed by her will soon put her in the lead of her elder sisters. In the heart of one of the best coal fields in the Commonwealth, with pure water for drinking and plenty of it for manufacturing, at the terminus of the railroad and the certainty that other branches must stretch out into the undeveloped coal territory that lies in every direction from her centre, Vintondale has a career before her that can scarcely know a limit to her expansion in the future. If you are looking for a place for investment that is certain to grow in value, take a look at Vintondale, and take it early, for it is a town that is bound to be a grower.

Cambria County's Best Man.

"The best man in Cambria county" occupied a bench in the P. R. R. passenger waiting room Wednesday morning. He had not been seated long until he began to force an acquaintance with a man in the room who was reading a newspaper. The latter paid no attention, and finally the stalwart from Cambria walked over and knocked the paper out of his hands. About this time the portly form of Depot Policeman Hamlin hove in sight. The officer caught "the best man in Cambria county" and took him out to introduce him to police patrol box No. 44. After he was seated in the patrol wagon he cried out to Officer Hamlin: "You don't know who I am. I'm the best man in Cambria county."—*Altoona Gazette.*

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, May 16, 1895:

Andrew Graff and Anna Hulday, Hastings.

James E. Vincent, South Fork, and Suie Fye, Lovett.

Clarence A. Repsher, Patton, and Mary A. Campbell, Carrolltown.

B. P. Rankin, Conemaugh, and Katie Studt, Lilly.

Conrad Hoystin, Cambria county, and Annie H. Hasse, Johnstown.

Jeremiah J. Goughnour and Mary Dellinger, South Fork.

John G. Weissmiller and Clara Smith, Johnstown.

John M. Levergood and Edith M. Houpt, Johnstown.

Coal Lands Exempt.

A Scranton dispatch says: News of a decision rendered by the United States internal revenue commissioner, the effects of which is to exempt the profits realized by owners of the land from which coal is mined, from taxation under the income tax law, was received here to-day. The decision is based on the application of the principle that all rents, profits and incomes derived from land and its immediate products acquired directly by the owner of the free hold or dominant estate are exempt from taxation as income of said owner.

THE NEW TOWN OF

VINTONDALE.

Located at the Terminus of the Blacklick & Ebensburg R. R., Branch of the Penna. R. R.

One of the Most Prosperous and Substantial Mining Towns in Pennsylvania.

Situated on the Picturesque Blacklick Branch of the Conemaugh, Cambria Co., Pa.

Mountain Scenery.
Fine Views.
Graded Streets.
Healthy Climate.
Elegant Spring Water.
1,400 Feet Above Ocean Level.
Schools and Other Conveniences.
Daily Mail and Telegraph Office.

Come and chose a house at Vintondale.
No better place to live.
No better place to invest.
No better place to put your spare cash.
Splendid Lots for Homes and Business Purposes.
Liberal Inducements to Manufacturers.
Lots in all sizes to suit purchasers.
Discounts on cash sales.

Large Coal Mining Plant now in active operation—designed for an annual output of Five Hundred Thousand (500,000) Tons.
Houses built for and sold to workingmen and others.
Terms to suit purchasers.
Attractive Houses now finished.
Permanent Water Supply Secured.

Morning Trains Connect East and West with Penna. R. R. at Cresson. Visitors will be met by Agent on arrival at Vintondale and shown property.

LOTS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS. COME TO VINTONDALE.

ADDRESS:

C. R. CLAGHORN, Supt., VINTONDALE, PA. or J. W. GRIFFITH, Real Estate Agent, VINTONDALE, PA.

Miscellaneous Notices.

O. K. Churns for sale at HUNTLEY'S.

A LOT Double Shovel Plows just received at HUNTLEY'S.

A LOT Wing Shovel Plows just received at HUNTLEY'S.

A FINE lot of Table Oil Cloths just received at G. HUNTLEY'S.

ANOTHER lot of Bissel's Carpet Sweepers just arrived at * G. HUNTLEY'S.

A LARGE assortment of Garden Tools just received at * G. HUNTLEY'S.

A FEW bundles of Manilla Binding Twine, 5 cents a pound at Dutton's. may3.

A FINE assortment of White wash, Paint and Varnish Brushes just received by * G. HUNTLEY.

JUST received a lot of Steel Frame, 5 tooth Cultivators at HUNTLEY'S. ma 10 §

CALL and look at my Washing Machines. I have two of the best kind in the market. ma3† G. HUNTLEY.

A LARGE assortment of that celebrated Anti-Rusting Tinware—warranted not to rust for 5 years—just arriving at april24t* G. HUNTLEY'S.

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

A LARGE assortment of granite enamelled ware with another 20 per cent. reduction which makes it almost as cheap as tinware. Just received at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

DON'T forget I am headquarters for Base Balls and Bats, all kinds of Fishing Tackle, Lines, Hooks, Reels, Rods, Bait Boxes, Baskets, etc. * G. HUNTLEY.

CALL at Huntley's and buy a Tree Sprayer and Spray your fruit trees, thereby increasing your fruit crop enough to pay for the Sprayer three times over † G. HUNTLEY.

THE Ebensburg Marble and Granite Works are offering a reduction of 5 per cent on all work ordered before the 1st of May. This is done in order to avoid the rush for Decoration Day work.

TANGLEFOOT, TANGLEFOOT. The best Fly Paper in the market is Tanglefoot. Four sheets for 5 cents or ten sheets for 10 cents at HUNTLEY'S. may17

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

I HAVE the agency for the Eclipse Bicycle, acknowledged by all to be one of the best Bicycles on the market. $10 reduction on regular price will be given to the party giving me the first order this season. * G. HUNTLEY

FOR SALE. The McDonald homestead, 14 rooms, with cellar. A fine summer residence. Apply to DR. J. A. DOERNER, may17 Cumberland, Md.

FARMERS. Your attention is kindly called to the best hay carrier on the market and at a reasonable price. Call and see it at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in May, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

A LARGE assortment of Family Ready Mixed Paints, Paints for Farm Implements, Carriage Paints of all colors and shades, in ½ pint to 1 gallon cans. If you are going to paint your house call and look at my samples. I can save you money. * G. HUNTLEY.

FARMERS, you can get twenty cents per pound for wool at the store of W. A. B. Little, in Loretto, and twenty cents in that store is worth more to you than twenty five cents in any other store in Cambria county, as we have five thousand dollars worth of goods to be sold within six months, and prices no object. ma 10 3t

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has leased the Ebensburg Electric Light plant from C. J. Blair, to take effect May 1st. All bills due from above date will be collected by the undersigned on the 1st of each month. All persons using electric light will please be prepared to pay for same on that date to the undersigned or one authorized to collect the same. JAMES A. ROSS, may3 3t. Manager.

FARMERS AND BUILDERS. I have put in a car load of steel wire nails and fence wire before the advance which I will sell for a limited time at prices before the advance. As there will likely be another advance by the 1st of April, I would advise you to buy immediately what nails and wire you want for the coming season, thereby saving money by not paying the advance prices later on. A word to the wise is sufficient. GEO. HUNTLEY.

STRAYED from the premises of Wasko Garnick, of Benscreek, Cambria county, on Saturday May 11, 1895, a bluish cow with white belly and large horns, about 5 years old. Anyone knowing of her whereabouts will be suitably rewarded by addressing WASKO GARNICK, Box 90, Myra P. O., Cambria Co., Pa. May 17,3tX

REGISTER'S NOTICE. The following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, and all others interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county for confirmation and allowance on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, A. D. 1895:

1. First and final account of Jerome Bowman, administrator of Frank P. Bowman, late of Woodvale, deceased.
2. First and final account of James K. Boyd, executor of Joshua C. Boyd, late of Johnstown, deceased.
3. First and partial account of Jane Lewis, administratrix of Thomas D. Lewis, late of Cambria township, deceased.
4. First and final account of William E. Coshun, executor of William Coshun, late of Johnstown, deceased.
5. Second and final account of John Foust, administrator of Samuel H. Miller, late of Blacklick township, deceased.
6. First and final account of James Kinney, guardian of minor children of James Daly, deceased.
7. First and final account Daniel J. Pringle, administrator of Mary Pringle, late of Summerhill township, deceased.
8. First and final account of George W. Cree, administrator of John A. Cree, late of Reade township, deceased.
9. First and final account of Joseph Hogue, executor of Mary Catharine Adams, late of Allegheny township, deceased.
10. First and partial account of Anthony Dietrich and George Dietrich, executors of the last will and testament of Philip J. Dietrich, late of Chest township, deceased.
11. First account of Aloysius Sheiber, executor of the last will and testament of Anthony Sheiber, late of Munster township, deceased.
12. Third and final account of Wm. M. Dodson, guardian of Joseph Fieldhouse, minor son of Joseph Fieldhouse, late of Millville borough, deceased.
13. First and partial account of Kittie Cobaugh, administratrix of Peter A. Cobaugh, late of Johnstown, deceased.
14. First and final account of F. P. Martin, administrator of Mary Connor, deceased
15. First and final account of Benjamin L. Yeagly, guardian of Mary Alice Royer, stated by Joseph H. Berlin, executor of Benjamin L. Yeagley, deceased.
16. First and final account of Benjamin L. Yeagley, guardian of Bruce H. Campbell, stated by Joseph H. Berlin, executor of Benjamin L. Yeagley, deceased.
17. First and final account of R. L. Rankin and Frank M. Coleman, executors of Margaret P. Coleman, late of Johnstown, deceased.
18. First and final account of Robert Sagerson, administrator of Matilda Kough, late of Johnstown, deceased.
19. First and final account of David J. Shaffer, guardian of Harry Hildebrand, minor child of Hannah Hildebrand, late of Adams township, deceased.
20. Final account of Daniel Tantlinger, guardian of Blanche Tantlinger, minor child of Wm. Tantlinger, late of Johnstown, deceased.
21. Final account of Daniel Tanglinger, guardian of Daisy Tantlinger, minor child of William Tantlinger, late of Johnstown, deceased.
22. First and final account of Ed. O. Fisher, administrator of Susan D. Lightner, late of Johnstown, deceased.
23. Second and final account of Anthony Kohler, guardian of Mary Frantz, minor child of Frank and Johanna Frantz, late of Cambria borough, deceased.
24. First and final account of P. F. McAnemy, administrator of Wm. L. McGrath, late of Johnstown, deceased.
25. The first account of Clara C. Dibert, administratrix of Walter J. Dibert, late of Johnstown, deceased.
26. First and final account of R. S. Murphy, administrator of W. Dick Shupe, late of Johnstown, deceased.
27. The first and final account of W. H. H. Robertson, guardian of Maggie, John and Lena Kuhn, minor children of Jacob H. Kuhn, late of Summerhill township, deceased.
28. The account of Michael P. Kearney, administrator C. T. A. of John Kearney, late of Munster township, deceased.
29. The account of Michael P. Kearney, administrator of Rose Kearney, late of Cresson township, deceased.
30. Second and final account of John Itel, administrator of Michael Braniff, late of Summerhill township, deceased.
31. First and final account of Ellie D. Settlemire, administratrix of Isaac H. Settlemire, late of Coopersdale, deceased.
32. First and partial account of Luke A. Byrne and Simon P. Lantzy, executors of Amelia Byrne, late of Susquehanna township, deceased.
33. The second account of Peter Robine, Jr., guardian of George, Christopher and James Robine, minor children of Christopher Robine, Sr., and Elizabeth Robine, deceased

DANIEL A. McGOUGH, Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., May 10th, A. D. 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Philip Farren, deceased. Letters of administration upon the estate of Philip Farren, deceased, late of Munster township, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement. H. P. FARREN, Munster, Pa., April 12, 1895.X Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Philip Collins, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the estate of Philip Collins, deceased, late of Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. T. A. SHOEMAKER, Bellefonte, Pa., April 12, 1895. Executor

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

There is a Reason

Why some Stoves and Ranges are better than others: good material, careful construction, and a knowledge of the wants of the housekeeper are all necessary to make the kitchen stove a success.

The Cinderella Stoves and Ranges

are made to meet every requirement; they are even bakers and perfect roasters.
Special attention is paid to cleanliness, economy and durability.
Made in all styles and sizes, with a view of suiting the most critical at a moderate cost.

"None Better—Few as Good."

Sold by the following dealers: EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. [feb22.95]

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENT. Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisements of property appraised and set apart for widows of decedents under the Act of Assembly of the 4th of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office in and for the county of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county for confirmation and allowance on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, A. D. 1895:

1. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Jane Kelly, widow of John Kelly, late of Jackson township, deceased. $23 55
2. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Harrett Vivian, widow of James Vivian, late of South Fork, deceased.
3. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Margaret Roberts, widow of Owen W. Roberts, late of Summerhill township, deceased. $300 00.
4. Inventory and appraisement of personal property and real estate appraised and set apart to Susan E. Lohr, widow of Lowman L. Lohr, late of Johnstown, deceased. Personal property, $75.00; real estate, $225.00.
5. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Hannah Beers widow of Mark G. Beers, late of Reade township, deceased. $148.30.
6. Inventory appraisement of personal property and real estate appraised and set apart to Mary E. Burkey, widow of John William Burkey, late of the borough of Patton, deceased. Personal property, $35.00; real estate, $253.00.
7. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Elizabeth M. Cover, widow of Benjamin F. Cover, late of late of Johnstown, deceased. $266.38.

DANIEL A. McGOUGH, Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., May 10, A. D. 1895.

TRIAL LIST. List of causes set down for trial Second week, June term, 1895:

Schell vs. Hipps & Lloyd.
Smith vs. Trainor.
Arnbolt vs. Westover.
Eckenrode vs. Chest Creek C. & C. Co.
Cover vs. Horrocks.

Trial List—Third week, June term, 1895.

Orth vs. Haworth & Dewhurst.
Hopple vs. Eckenrode.
Kinports vs. Long.
Kinports vs. Long.
Shoemaker vs. Good.
Blair vs. Good.
Spenger vs. City of Johnstown.
Giles vs. Gessler.
Kiepser & Co. vs. Cresswell.
Use M'Garry vs. Miller.
M'Kay's Exr. vs. Groom et al.
Fridas vs. Kirby.
Davis vs. Krebbs.
Anderson vs. M'Donald et al.
Johnstown Driving Park Assn. vs. Adair.
Kistler vs. Felix.
Dunmire vs. Stambaugh.
Hastings vs. O'Connor.
Shoemaker Admr. vs. Tri Co. Agrl. Assn.
Hammond vs. Jones.
Lilly Water Co. vs. M'Cann et al.
Pittsburg Sadling Co., vs. Langbein.
King vs. Holsopple.
Boggs & Buhl vs. Campbell et ux.
Bush vs. Condrin.

J. C. DARBY, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's office, May 10, 1895.

WANTED-SALESMEN. We want a few men to sell a Choice Line of Nursery Stock. We cannot make you rich in a month but can give steady employment and pay you well for it. Our prices correspond with the times. Write for terms and territory to THE HAWKS NURSERY CO., mch8.4m. Rochester, N. Y.

S. L. REED. MATHIOT READE.

REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28.93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. eh7-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street,

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers
Funeral Designs at Short Notice.
ADOLPH STAHL,
NO. 432 MAIN STREET,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.
4.12 95.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county and will be confirmed by said Court on MONDAY, JUNE 3RD, 1895, unless cause be shown to the contrary:

Account of Geo. W. Ludwig, Assignee of Emil C. Roth.

First and final account of Dr. G. E. Conrad, assignee of J. D. Rhodes et ux.

First and final account of Dr. G. E. Conrad, assignee of Gabriel Kline et ux.

J. C. DARBY, Prothonotary.

May 17, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of Stephen A. Cooper praying for the transfer of the retail license granted by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria to E. Nerling, in Reade township, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court and will be presented to the same for its consideration on MONDAY, JUNE 3RD, 1895.

J. C. DARBY, Clerk Q. S

May 17, 1895.

ADVANCE IN WAGES.

Ten Per Cent Increase Given Carnegie Employes.

25,000 MEN ARE MADE HAPPY.

The Company's Nine Big Plants Effected By the Raise—The Present Business Outlook Justifies the Increase—Other Manufacturers Likely to Follow.

PITTSBURG, May 15.—The Carnegie company has raised the wages of the 25,000 employes of its different mills 10 per cent, to go into effect June 1.

The plants in which the new scale goes into effect are: Edgar Thomson furnaces, Edgar Thomson steel works, Duquesne steel works, Homestead steel works, Lucy furnaces, Keystone bridge works, Upper Union mills, Lower Union mills, Beaver Falls mills.

In their notices the company says that the present outlook justifies more wages.

Now that the Carnegie company has taken the step with the many other manufacturers who are running non-union plants, it is likely a large number of other manufacturers who have not as yet granted advances to their workmen will be forced to do so.

The acknowledgement of the company that prices warrant such an advance is taken for much in the business world, and a general stiffening of prices in the many lines of steel manufacturers by this company is looked for at an early date.

SEVEN MEN KILLED.

Horrible Boiler Explosion at West Bingham, Pa.—Another Will Die.

WEST BINGHAM, Pa., May 15.—By the explosion of a boiler in a sawmill near here, five men were killed and three fatally injured, two of whom have since died. The names of those killed outright are:

Claude English, James Mowers, Eugene Merrick, Lyman Perry and Charles Grover.

Caleb Converse, who was badly scalded and Albert De Grayot, who was fearfully mangled, died a few hours after the accident. Dell Gridley will not survive. All but one were married and lived in the vicinity of West Bingham.

The mill, which is owned by Peck, Haskel & Cobb of Ulysses, Pa., employed ten men, who, at the time of the accident, were sitting near the boiler waiting for a belt to be repaired, and only two escaped death. The mill was equipped with an 80-horsepower boiler which had been condemned by an inspector only a few days before, as the steam gauge failed to record accurately within 50 pounds.

THE MANITOBA ROW.

The Two Governments Have About Reached an Understanding.

OTTAWA, May 15.—It is stated on apparently good authority that the Dominion and Manitoba governments have almost arrived at an understanding on the Manitoba school question. Premier Greenway and Attorney General Sifton of Manitoba will arrive in Ottawa in a few days to consult with Premier Bowell, Sir Charles H. Tupper, the minister of justice, and Lord Aberdeen.

Manitoba, it is stated, will not object to allowing Roman Catholics the privilege of establishing separate schools while paying for them out of taxes of Catholics. Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, Man., insists that the Sisters of Charity be allowed to teach in these schools without passing teachers' examinations. To this neither the Manitoba nor Dominion government is likely to consent. It is probable that a compromise will be effected.

INDIANS ON A RAID.

Troops Sent After Them In Arizona Territory.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—General Schofield received a telegram from the commanding officer of the department of Colorado, saying that several miners had arrived at Colfax, A. T., and reported that while 25 miles southwest of that place, near old Fort Bowie, they had been attacked and fired upon by 12 Indians. They were able to keep the Indians away and returned at once to Wilcox. A merchant of that place vouched for the integrity of the miners.

General Schofield ordered a troop of cavalry from Fort Bayard to investigate the disturbance and subdue the Indians. It is believed that the Indians are marauders from the Apaches, who frequently make trouble in that country.

Filibusterers Land In Cuba.

GIBARA, Cuba, May 15.—It is said the insurgents have complete control over the eastern end of the island, that is the provinces of Baracoa and Santiago. Forty-five Americans and 200 Winchester rifles have been landed at Nip Bay from the yacht Corona. The filibusterers are said to have fitted out near Satilla river, Ga. They are guaranteed all the plunder they can take. This is the sixth expedition that has landed from southern states during the past two weeks.

Y. M. C. A. Secretaries' Meeting.

HARTFORD, May 15.—At the International Y. M. C. A. general secretary's conference, papers were read during the day by Charles K. Ober of Chicago, A. L. Parker of Detroit and others. A public session was held at which papers were read by G. K. Shurtleff of Cleveland, W. J. Fraser of Springfield, O., and W. M. Wood of Chicago.

Outhwaite May Succeed Lamont.

COLUMBUS, May 15.—There is a hint here that amounts to a conviction that before this year expires ex-Congressman Joseph H. Outhwaite is to be made secretary of war. The story is not denied, nor is it admitted in confidential Outhwaite circles. Mr. Outhwaite is enroute to Europe, to return July 1. The president, Mr. Lamont and Mr Outhwaite are known to be close friends. The talk at this end of the line has been sub rosa, but is printed in full, so far as it may be, without violating confidence.

Scared a Man to Death.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky., May 15.—Milton White, a wealthy farmer, has been indicted for murder. Dr. Wright has testified that William Hines has died from fright. White met Hines the morning before his last illness, and presenting a double-barreled shotgun with both hammers cocked, commanded Hines to sign a check for $1,000 on penalty of his life. Hines' workmen interfered and Hines proceeded to church, becoming violently ill within a few minutes. White claims that Hines was indebted to him in the sum stated.

Matthews Will Prevent Racing.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 15.—The Lake county circuit court having dissolved its temporary restraining order against Roby, the state will at once take action to put a stop to racing at that place. The local authorities have exhausted their resources and Governor Matthews says he is determined that the Roby associations shall be suppressed, so fas as disobeying the laws of the state is concerned.

New Oil Territory.

VAN WERT, O., May 15.—The Evans oil well, drilled in this county, a few days ago, is producing at the rate of 300 barrels a day, being one of the best in the state. This strike opens a new territory and all the land is leased. Drilling will begin in earnest within a short time, and some good wells are expected.

COMPULSORY [illegible] BILL.

Governor Hastings Has Farr's Measure In Hand—The Legislature.

HARRISBURG, May 15.—The Farr compulsory educational bill has gone to the governor. The governor will probably sign the bill without delay. He went over it carefully last week and at his suggestion the title was amended to meet a technical objection raised by Attorney General McCormick.

The movement to prevent the proposed cut in the school appropriation is growing. A petition appealing to Governor Hastings that no reduction of the appropriation be made was circulated among the rural members of the house by Representative Dambly. Many signed it.

The revenue bill framed by the state tax conference passed finally in the house. The vote was 147 to 14.

The following bills passed finally: To prevent the placing of dynamite or explosives in streams for the purpose of catching fish; fixing the term of notaries public and regulating the appointment thereof. The bill fixing the time within which assessors of the several counties shall file their reports with the county commissioners was defeated.

Senator White reported from the senate committee on new counties and townships the Monongahela county bill as committed. The senator says the bill will be amended on second reading so as to apply to any three contiguous counties having a population of 700,000 instead of four counties with a population of 750,000. This change will exclude Fayette, as Allegheny, Westmoreland and Washington are the three counties of the four that will meet this requirement as to population.

The classification bill put in the house by the late Representative Lemon was amended in the senate by Senator Vaughan to prevent Scranton from becoming a second-class city. By this change the Lackawanna senator reduced Allegheny to a third-class city.

Cities are divided as follows by the measure: Population 1,000,000 or more, first-class; all between 1,000,000 and 100,000, second class; all less than 100,000 and more than 10,000, third-class. Senator Vaughan raised the minimum on second-class cities from 100,000 to 200,000. This would exclude Allegheny City. The main bill annexes third-class cities, boroughs and townships.

The religious garb bill passed second reading in the senate.

The senate passed the Cuban, Nicaraguan and Stone immigration resolutions, adopted by the house last Thursday. A bill repealing the fence law for Fayette county was introduced by Senator Walton of Greene.

TROOPS ARE NEEDED.

Governor O'Ferrall Investigates Affairs at Pocahontas, Va.

POCAHONTAS, Va., May 15.—Governor O'Ferrall has returned to Richmond. He made a thorough investigation of the troubles here. He is satisfied that the presence of troops was necessary to preserve order, and says they will remain as long as the condition now existing continues. His persistence in keeping the military here is bitterly contested by local men. West Virginia miners are closely watched, as firing on the picket lines has increased. The military duty has been especially severe today on account of the cold weather, and it has been necessary to relieve the men by ordering new companies. In an interview with Colonel May, attorney for the Norfolk and Western company, he says the situation is decidedly promising for the operators, and that the mines here will be kept at work and the militia will remain all summer if the attitude of the West Virginia miners remains the same.

The miners have held a big barbecue at the Keystone, West Virginia, during the day, and steps are being taken looking to an adjustment of their difficulty. It is reported here that ex-President Kimball, of the Norfolk and Western will meet the operators to agree upon terms during the week. Rioting is reported at Thackers, W. Va., and operations have been suspended there. The miners are soliciting aid from the citizens and receiving it.

May Try For the Fight.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 15.—The matter of offering a purse of $40,000 for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight has been revived here, and the citizens at the head of the movement claim that the entire amount has been subscribed, and that the backers of the two principals have consented to give the proposition consideration. It is proposed to pull the fight off in Laredo, 150 miles south of here, if the offer is accepted.

May Consolidate Catholic Societies.

OMAHA, May 15.—The Catholic Knights are in convention discussing routine business. President Shine was asked what the chief questions before the convention would be. He admitted that the movement for the consolidation of the Catholic Knights and the Young Men's Institute would be one of them, but hazarded no conjecture as to what would be the outcome.

Damaged by Hot Winds.

HENNESSEY, O. T., May 15.—The dry, hot winds of the past few days have had a disastrous effect on grain and if it continues will kill all chances for wheat, which are very slim. The effect on corn and oats is also pronounced. Business is almost at a standstill owing to the uncertainty of crops,

A Strike Leader Arrested.

HOLLY, Mich., May 15.—William H. Smith, one of the leaders in the strike on the Grand Trunk last summer, has been arrested charged with causing the fatal wreck on that road at Battle Creek in July last. Smith has eluded the detectives ever since the accident.

The Maccabees Convention.

PORT HURON, Mich., May 15.—The biennial session of the Supreme Tent and Supreme Hive of the Maccabees is being held here. Delegates are present from 20 states and from Canada.

Railway Commissioners In Session.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The annual convention of state railway commissioners is in session at the rooms of the interstate commerce commission.

Didn't Demand Increased Indemnity.

SHANGHAI, May 15.—It is announced at Pekin that the Japanese renounced their claim to the Liao-Tung peninsula without demanding the payment of an increased amount of indemnity for so doing. It is added that the conduct of Japan in this matter is warmly praised. It is feared that the disbanding of the Chinese troops will cause disturbances.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Trainwrecker Sourwine, whose act killed two Big Four trainmen at Fontanet, Ind., received eight years in the penitentiary.

Two men and a woman are under arrest at Indianapolis charged with attempting to blackmail the street car company by demanding damages for falling off a car.

Governor O'Ferrall of Virginia says that non-union miners at Pocahontas will be protected. Since that declaration 150 more men have gone to work.

Over 3,000,000 ounces of silver have been ordered by London bankers.

Ex-Governor Campbell's son of Ohio has been appointed mineral land inspector, at $10 a day and expenses.

Justice Jackson is said to have talked over the subject of his resignation from the supreme bench with President Cleveland.

Major O'Brien, who distinguished himself in America during the civil war, is in England, trying to revive the Earldom of Clare.

Lord Rosebery, the premier of England, has embarked on a short sailing cruise for the benefit of his health.

The right of an earl to sit in the British house of commons is now being contested in the case of the Earl of Selbern, who recently succeeded to the title.

MEADE WON'T REPLY.

Herbert Says He Has Refused to Explain.

THE SECRETARY'S SIDE OF IT.

The Admiral Didn't Like an Order Regarding the Disposition of Certain Vessels—Then He Resigned Before a Change Could Be Made.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Secretary Herbert, in response to inquiries, has dictated the following official statement concerning Admiral Meade:

"At the navy department it is learned that the department had addressed a letter to Admiral Meade, stating that it desired to know if he was willing to answer whether he had or had not authorized what purported to be an interview with him, published in the New York Tribune, and that he had replied, acknowledging the receipt of the letter, and declining to answer the questions.

"The facts in relation to the failure of the department to grant Admiral Meade's request to have the Cincinnati ordered to the New York yard instead of the Norfolk yard are that this vessel was ordered to go to the Norfolk navy-yard for some necessary repairs. This was done upon the recommendation of the chief constructor, who desired that work, which is now scarce at both yards, might be equalized between the Norfolk and Brooklyn yards. Admiral Meade, who had selected the Cincinnati for his flagship during the absence of the New York, was thereupon ordered to hoist his flag upon that vessel upon her arrival at Norfolk, in the interim hoisting his flag on the Minneapolis.

"He afterward forwarded a second request to the department to have the Cincinnati ordered to New York instead of to Norfolk. On the day when this later request was received, Secretary Herbert was not in the department at any time. Assistant Secretary McAdoo being in charge did not act upon the request, as he did not think it proper to take any action in the matter until the secretary's return. On the next morning, when Secretary Herbert came to the office, this matter having been brought to his attention, he at once summoned before him the chief constructor, and, after conferring with him and Assistant Secretary McAdoo, jointly, decided to order the Cincinnati to New York, and at once ordered Admiral Ramsey, who was present, to make out orders to intercept the ship at Hampton Roads and order her to New York.

"He also directed orders to be made out to Admiral Meade, notifying him of this change and orders both to the admiral and to the ship were written and ready to be signed when a letter came in the noon mail from Admiral Meade, asking to be detached from the squadron, which request the secretary granted."

This constitutes all the information that could be obtained, and leaves the inference that the action, if any, to be taken against Admiral Meade, is not yet determined.

St. John Won't Drop Prohibition.

KANSAS CITY, May 15.—Ex-Governor John P. St. John writes The Star from New York, denying that he is to drop Prohibition and advocate free silver. He says: "I have not laid aside Prohibition,' and don't intend to. Nor have I discouraged the nomination of a Prohibition ticket, and have not even thought of doing any such thing. Nor am I a big enough fool to 'advocate free silver as the one remedy for the ills which afflict the country' "

Greenhut Said to Oppose Reorganization.

NEW YORK, May 15.—A report is current in Wall street that ex-President J. B. Greenhut of the Distilling and Cattle Feeding company has come here for the purpose of taking steps looking to the defeat of the present plans for a reorganization of the company. It is said that this movement has been maturing in the west and has good backing in New York.

Ohio Man Claims an Estate.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 15.—Judge Coffey has received a letter from R. W. Clark of Medina county, O., relative to the estate of Captain Fred Clark, who is supposed to have been lost at sea with the ill-fated sealing schooner Dagmar in 1878. Clark asserts that the captain was his uncle and claims his estate, which is valued at $50,000.

Condemned the Monument Dedication.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., May 15.—The state camp Sons of Veterans has adopted resolutions, 51 to 41, denouncing the proposed dedication of the Confederate monument in Chicago on Decoration day, declaring that no patriotic organization should participate. The vote was made unanimous.

A Drink of Death.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 15.—After having secured a quart of whisky at this place, Joe Swartz turned to a crowd of men and holding up the bottle, said: "Boys, I'll drink this without stopping or stand the treats for the crowd." He swallowed the liquor, sang a song, danced a part of a jig and then fell unconscious. He died without having regained consciousness.

A Feud Results In Murder.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., May 15.—A long-standing feud between Wesley McCracken and George Hawn, neighbors, living in Oneida township, this county, has resulted in murder. Hawn and a party of friends were removing a line of fence in McCracken's property when the latter opened fire with a double-barrelled shotgun, killing Hawn instantly.

To Be Sold at Auction.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—By order of Luther S. Bent and the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust company receivers, the entire property of the Pennsylvania Steel company will be sold at public auction today, at the Philadelphia Exchange.

Ancient Order of Foresters

READING, Pa., May 15.—The Ancient Order of Foresters of Pennsylvania is in annual convention here. William Kirk of Philadelphia is grand chief ranger. The reports show that there are 110 lodges of the order in this state with a membership of nearly 12,500.

Blood Poisoning Caused by a Thorn.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., May 15.—Edward Daniels, son of Newton Daniels, 16 years of age, while plowing, ran a thorn in one of his fingers and died of blood poisoning caused by the wound.

Weavers on a Strike.

GREENVILLE, N. H., May 15.—A strike of the weavers of the Phoenix cotton mills, at Peterboro over a disagreement in regard to wages, has caused the suspension of the entire works.

Union Seminary's Commencement.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The commencement exercises of the Union Theological seminary of the city were held last night in the Adams' chapel, on the second floor of the seminary building.

Verdict In a Will Case.

RICHMOND, Ind., May 15.—The jury in the Morrison will case has returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. General Harrison is at his home in Indianapolis. He was the plaintiff's attorney.

A Steamer Sinks Another.

BREST, France, May 15.—The British steamers Esmeralda and Martina have collided off Armor lighthouse. The Martina sank. Eleven of her crew are missing.

ENGLAND GETTING UGLY.

She Refuses to Carry Out Certain Bering Sea Regulations.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—An ugly crisis has been reached in the negotiations between the United States and Great Britain, looking to the adoption of uniform regulations for the government of the seal fisheries this season. The British government positively refuses to re-enact the regulation of last year, which prohibits the carrying of firearms by sealing vessels through the zone north of the thirty-fifth parallel during the closed season. The United States officials look upon this as disastrous to the seal fisheries, holding that the result will be to relieve the pelagic sealers of the only restriction, which has operated to prevent an unlimited slaughter of the herds.

While killing by firearms remains illegal, it is realized that it will be impossible to enforce this prohibition if arms can be freely carried, for the sealers would kill freely unless they should happen to be under the very eye of a revenue cutter. Meanwhile, the United States cutters have gone out under the old instructions to seize all vessels carrying arms not under seal. These must be modified speedily by orders sent through the Alaska Commercial company's steamer, which leaves San Francisco in a day or two, or else there may be another big claim for damages on account of illegal seizures filed by the British government.

The attitude of the latter is viewed with much dissatisfaction at the state department, where it is regarded as an evidence of unwarrantable concession to the Canadian pelagic sealers. It is also held that the effect of the British action is to practically nullify all measure of protection for the seals that was conferred by the Paris arbitration, and it would not be surprising if this course is persisted in, if it resulted in a declaration by the United States of the abrogation of the treaty.

Serious Charges Against Them.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—Robert C. Machesney of Baden, Pa.; Albion Crabbs of 3536 Smedley street, and Benjamin J. Bailey of 3064 Aspen street, this city, have been arraigned before United States Commissioner Craig and held in $1,000 bail each, for a further hearing tomorrow, charged by Postoffice Inspector Moore, with carrying on an alleged lottery scheme to defraud and using the United States mail for this purpose. The defendants are officers of the Eastern Assurance company.

The Greater New York Bill.

ALBANY, May 15.—The greater New York bill, which was defeated in the senate last week, has again been taken up in the assembly and passed, 89 to 31. It is still asserted that the bill cannot be passed in the senate without the referendum amendment.

To Blow Up Reed's Residence.

PORTLAND, Me., May 15.—This city is excited over the discovery of evidence which leads the police any many citizens to believe that some crank had planned to blow up the residences of Hon. Thomas B. Reed and Mayor Henry Baxter.

Short Nearly a Half Million.

TACOMA, May 15.—Facts have come to light which indicate that the late Paul Schulze's defalcations amount to nearly $500,000, making his total embezzlement the largest known on the Pacific coast.

Hotel Men In Session.

NEW YORK, May 15.—President E. A. Thayer has called the sixteenth annual convention of the hotel Men's Mutual Benefit association to order in the banquet hall of Delmonico's, there being about 400 delegates present.

John Rodgers Divorced.

LONDON, May 15.—John R. Rodgers, the theatrical manager, has obtained a decree of divorce against his wife, Minnie Palmer, the actress.

Smallpox In Mexico.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The United States consul at Nogales, Mexico, reports to the surgeon general of the marine hospital that a severe epidemic of smallpox exists in that locality. He says the disease was introduced by persons coming from the interior of the state of Senora, Mexico.

Killed His Brother.

SERGENT, Ky., May 15.—News has reached here that Ned Rose has shot and killed his brother in Dickinson county, Va. The brothers lived on adjoining farms and the quarrel resulted over the pasturage of a horse. Rose escaped but the officers are in pursuit.

Railway Conductors' Convention.

ATLANTA, May 15.—The convention of the grand division of the Order of Railway Conductors, is in session here. Three hundred and fifty delegates are present with some 600 other conductors in attendance.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG May 14.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 65@66c; No. 2 red, 64@65c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 54½@55c; mixed ear, 51@52c; No. 2 yellow shelled, 51½@52½c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 36@36½c; No. 2 do, 35½@36c; extra No. 3 white, 35@35½c; mixed, 34@34½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $12.00@12.25; No. 2 timothy, $11.00@11.50; mixed clover and timothy, $11.00@11.50; packing, $7.00@7.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $8.50@9.00; wagon hay, $17.00@18.00.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 21@22c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17@19c; fancy country, roll, 15@16c; low grades and cooking, 9@10c.

CHEESE—Ohio mild, 9@10c; New York, fall make, 10½@11c; limberger, fall make, 12@12½c; Wisconsin Swiss, 13@13½c; Ohio Swiss, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio in cases, 12½@13c; candle, 13@13½c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 65@70c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@60c; ducks, 60@65c per pair, as to size; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; turkeys, 14@15c per pound; ducks, 14@15c per pound; live turkeys, 9@10c per pound; live geese, 80c@$1 per pair.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., May 14.

CATTLE—Receipts very light this week, and with a better demand the market opened active, and prices a shade higher for medium and good butcher grades, while heavy on others. We quote market as follows: Prime, $5.50@6.00; good, $5.10@5.40; good butchers', $4.70@5.00; rough fat, $3.50@4.00; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.60; fresh cows and springers, $15@35.

HOGS—Receipts light, demand is steady and market firm for medium and good York grades at shade better prices, while heavy grades are slow at unchanged prices. We quote Philadelphias, $4.85@4.95; best mixed and Yorkers, $4.75@4.80; common to fair Yorkers, $4.50@4.65; pigs, $4.50@4.65; roughs, $3.00@4.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts liberal this week and demand fair; market steady on sheep at unchanged prices, while lambs are a shade lower. We quote prices as follows: Extra, $4.00@4.20; good, $3.60@3.80; fair, $3.00@3.40; common, $1.50@2.00; best lambs, $5.10@5.25; good lambs, $4.40@4.90; fair, $2.50@4.00; veal calves, $4.75@5.25; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00; spring lambs, $4.50@7.00.

CINCINNATI, May 14.

HOGS—Market weak at $4.15@4.75; receipts, 2,300 head; shipments, 1,800 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.75@5.50; receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 600 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, market in good demand and steady at $2.75@4.50; receipts, 400 head; shipments, 4.0 head. Lambs, market firm at $3.00@4.75.

NEW YORK, May 14.

WHEAT—Spot Market dull. No. 2 red store and elevator, 70c; afloat, 69¾c f. o. b., 69½c afloat; No. 1 hard, 74½c delivered.

CORN—Spot market active but easier. No. 2, 54½c elevator, 55½c afloat; yellow, 54½c.

OATS—Spot market easier. No. 2, 31½c; No. 2 delivered, 32½c; No. 3, 30½c; No. 2 white, 36c; No. 3 white, 35½c; track white western, 36@40c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 11@12c per pound, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8½@9¼c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market active and firmer all around; clipped sheep fair to good $4.37½@4.65; choice clipped lambs, $5.80; southern spring lambs, $7.25@8.25.

HOGS—Market steady at $4.90@5.30.

WILBER'S COLUMN.

YEAR IN AND YEAR OUT

Through Spring, Summer, Strike or Tariff

OUR PRICES ARE ALWAYS LOW.

The scale doesn't go up and down like a

THERMOMETER.

Fact is, we haven't daily reasons for selling

"BELOW COST."

COULDN'T LIVE IF WE HAD.

And we've our own ideas about the truth and you are not likely to hear us telling in scare-head accents about our

"*STARTLING,*
CRASHING,
SPLINTERING,
PRICE-DROP."

Our prices are lower than those that have been BROKEN IN BITS.

CLOTHING.

This Department has just been enlarged, and was never better prepared than now to do business—a larger selection of better goods at lower prices than ever before.

There are a lot of Men's Suits of good, hard twisted, hard wearing cloth—the best value you ever saw for $2.50.

We have a variety of Sack Suits, dressy, latest styles. They are doubly worth our price, $4.50.

We are selling the best Suit your money can buy for the price in any store in the county, in all-wool Cheviots, black and brown mixed, equal to any $8 Suits offered elsewhere, our price $5.

Our $10 line opens a wide field for choice in fine Dress Suits. Every popular fabric is represented. A fine line for the money. Beats anything you ever saw or bought. Perfection in fine Dress Suits is attained in our line of handsome fabrics at $15. Fit and Finish can't be improved upon no matter what you pay. Custom work at double the price gives no single point of advantage. See them.

IN YOUNG MEN'S SUITS.

For boys 14 to 19 years old we are making the greatest drive conceivable. For instance:

Brown Cheviot and all wool at the small price of $2.50. Can any dealer on earth beat this? And $3.90 for dressy gray shades in all wool. Our $6.25 Suits are made of strictly all wool Worsteds and Cassimeres. In fit, finish and workmanship they are fully up to the most expensive custom tailor work. These are facts easily proven if you will make what we most desire, a personal investigation. We'll abide by your decision.

IN OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

We are sure to give satisfaction. We have purchased a big line of Boys' Clothing that every mother for miles around who has a boy to dress ought to see. Having such a large demand for Children's Knee Suits, in cheaper grades, we have been able this Spring to supply all the wants in this line.

Good strong Suits at 75 cents; a better grade at $1.00, and for $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 we will show you goods that defy competition.

MEN'S PANTS.

All that are new in style are shown here at the lowest prices. The assortments are not confined to a few styles but embrace the fullest to be found in any clothing store in the county.

Good strong Pants, lined throughout, 85 cents; a better grade in Worsteds $1.00; all wool Pants, a great bargain, $1.35; all-wool Pants, neat pattern in fancy styles, make a nice dress pants, $2.00.

If you want the very best dress Pants in the market at lowest prices, Examine our line at $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00. They can't be beat.

YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S PANTS.

We have an immense line of youths' and and Children's Pants which we will now offer at very low prices.

Good strong Youths' Pants, lined throughout, make a good every day Pants, 75 cents; better grade in Worsteds, $1.00. For $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, we will show you a fine line, all styles and patterns.

In Children's Knee Pants we have a large assortment, ranging in price from 25 cents to $1.25.

SHOES.

Can't brag too much about our Shoes. We know they are just right in leather, make, finish, style, comfort and fit. And the price, too, can't be beat, no matter where you go.

Women's fine Dongola button, patent tip, $1.00.
Women's fine Dongola lace, patent tip, dressiest thing in spring footwear, $1.25.
Women's fine Dongola, an elegant Shoe, well made, look stylish, all sizes, $1.50.
Women's fine Dongola Kid, all sizes, can't be beat, $1.75.
Women's fine Kid, latest styles, a great leader, $2.00.
Women's fine French Calf, square and opera toe, all sizes, $2.50.
Men's veal calf, congress, made up to sell for $2.00, $1.25.
Men's lace and congress Shoes, latest styles, all sizes, $1.50.
Men's Vica Kid, lace and congress, all sizes $2.00.
Boys' and Youths' Shoes from 75 cents up.

SWEATERS.

To aid you in making a selection we quote you these prices and descriptions of the best values we have been able to find. These are handsome and stylish.

Boys' cream carded, full sizes, finished, double collar, sizes 16 to 32, 25 cents.
Boys' Ecru Egyptian Combed Cotton, are A 1, good Sweater, serviceable, can be washed and made good as new, 40c.
Men's Cream Cotton Carded, full sizes, finished double collar, sizes 34 to 44, 25c.
Men's all-wool medium weight Sweater, without doubt the best value in the market, $1.25.

HATS.

We have opened up a large line of Men's New Spring Stiff and Soft Hats in all the new colors; very stylish, comfortable and durable. Come and inspect them and satisfy yourself. Our Straw line is complete. We bought direct from the manufacturers, thus saving you the middle man's profit. The Dress Hats range in price from 25 cents up. We can fit all size heads, both great and small.

UNDERWEAR.

Your Heavy Underwear is beginning to feel a little uncomfortable. You are getting ready to change perhaps. We are ready to help you to do it. Our shelves are loaded with spring weights. The assortment is great, the prices are low.

Men's silk finish flesh color Underwear in a grade that usually sells for 35 cents, for 25 cents.
Men's Balbriggan Underwear, just the thing for summer wear, regular price 50 cents, for 38 cents.
Men's fine French Balbriggan Underwear, best finish, 50 cents.
Men's medium weight, Natural Wool Underwear, just the weight, 50 cents.

J. B. WILBER,
Ebensburg.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
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T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

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The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.
Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.
Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. *WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.*
THE
First National Bank
OF PATTON.
PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.
Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
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OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,
Naphtha and Gasoline
That can be
MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18,89ly.

ASK YOUR HORSESHOER FOR THE NEVERSLIP THE ONLY SHOE FOR WINTER USE.

It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.

Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.

The CALKS are REMOVABLE,
Steel-Centered and SELF-SHARPENING

When worn out new Calks can be easily inserted without removing shoes, saving an immense amount of time usually lost at the blacksmith shop.

On receipt of postal will mail free our descriptive circular containing prices of Calked Shoes, ready to be nailed on, for trial, offered this winter at very low prices.

1794. 1895.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE 'ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

Mountain House
STAR SHAVING PARLOR!
CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.
Ladies waited on at their residences.
JAMES H. GANT,
Proprietor.

GINSENG
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SAM'L WELLS & CO.,
67 VINE ST., CINCINNATI, O.
LARGEST EXPORTERS OF GINSENG IN THE U. S.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

..THE..
BIG SHOW!

We wish to announce to the people far and wide that we will exhibit our colossal aggregation of startling wonders, to accumulate which expensive time and judgment have been required. The lions and tigers from the wild and uninhabited jungles, the African monkeys, the Egyptian camels and the elephants from India will excite no wonder when compared with the multitude of

MONSTER ATTRACTIONS
NOW ON EXHIBITION.

Remember, this Great Show possesses nothing that could be objected to. Bear in mind that all of its STUPENDOUS FEATURES are for your interest and will greatly benefit you. Read the list of attractions now open to your inspection and in the very zenith of their BRILLIANT DISPLAY. A well-selected stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, rich in quality, faultless in style and irresistible in price. Join early the

Free Street Parade

to our store so that you will not miss one of the Bargains now offered. Astonishing results will greet the delighted eye on every side of this

Well-Bought Jumbo Stock!

Now is the time to make yourself a little better off. Come and see the fine collection of bright new styles in Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods. It needs no explanation—it speaks for itself. No descriptive lecture is necessary as to your plain duty. There are big bargains all through the show.

Admission more than free—we will pay you for coming.

MULLEN,
The Clothier and Gents' Furnisher,
Cleveland St., LILLY, PA.

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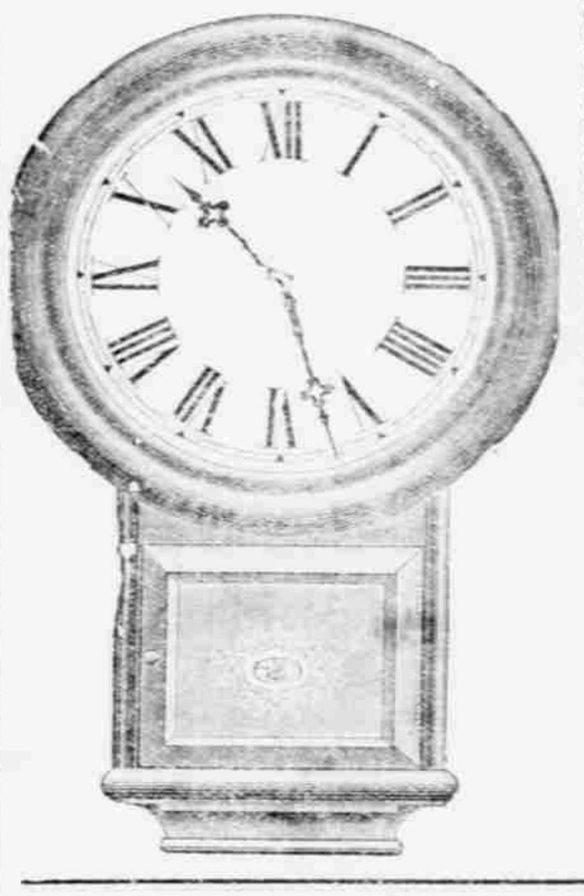
—PRACTICAL—
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
—AND DEALER IN—

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
—AND—
OPTICAL GOODS.
SOLE AGENT FOR THE
CELEBRATED ROCKFORD
WATCHES.
Columbia and Fredonia Watches
In Key and Stem Winders.
LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.
My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.
All work guaranteed.
CARL RIVINIUS.



FARMERS!
TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,
PROPRIETOR.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FIT FOR A KING.
Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 and $4 Shoes.
All our shoes are equally satisfactory.
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.
$5, $4, $3.50 Cordovan, French Enamelled Calf and Kangaroo.
$3.50 Police Shoes. 3 soles.
$2.50 and $2 Workingmen's.
$2 & $1.75 Boys' School Shoes.
Ladies' $3, $2.50, $2 and $1.75.
If your dealer cannot supply you, write for catalogue.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.
THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
WARRANTED.
For Sale by J. D. LUCAS & CO.

DENTISTRY
In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

Automatic Suction Cavities, Illuminum Plates, Crowns and Bridges.
Teeth Extracted Absolutely Without Pain by using Prof. May's E. B.
Eighteen years' experience. First Class Work Done at the Most Reasonable Rates. All Work Warranted.
Terms Strictly Cash.

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